## Simplifying Algebraic Fractions by Factorisation

LI

- Simplify algebraic fractions using factorisation.

SC

- Factorise expressions.


## Important Reminders and Ideas

To simplify a fraction, divide top and bottom by the same quantity

$$
\frac{a}{p}+\frac{b}{p}=\frac{a+b}{p}=(a+b) \div p
$$

If possible, factorise numerator and/or denominator fully before dividing

## Example 1

Simplify fully,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 x-6}{3} \\
= & \frac{(3 x-6)}{3} \div 3 \\
= & \frac{(x-2)}{1} \\
= & x-2
\end{aligned}
$$

## Example 2

Simplify fully,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 x+9}{4 x^{2}+12 x} \\
= & \frac{3(x+3)}{4 x(x+3)} \div(x+3) \\
= & \frac{3}{4 x}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Example 3

Simplify fully,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{7 x}{14 x^{2}-7 x} \\
= & \frac{7 x}{7 x(2 x-1)} \div 7 x \\
= & \frac{1}{2 x-1}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Example 4

Simplify fully,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x+1}{x^{2}-1} \\
= & \frac{(x+1)}{(x-1)(x+1)} \div(x+1) \\
= & \frac{1}{x-1}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Example 5

Simplify fully,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x^{2}+5 x+6}{x^{2}-2 x-8} \\
= & \frac{(x+2)(x+3)}{(x+2)(x-4)} \div(x+2) \\
= & \frac{x+3}{x-4}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Example 6

Simplify fully,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{13 x+\frac{1}{5}}{x-\frac{1}{5}} \\
= & \frac{\left(13 x+\frac{1}{5}\right)}{\left(x-\frac{1}{5}\right) \times 5} \times 5 \\
= & \frac{5\left(13 x+\frac{1}{5}\right)}{5\left(x-\frac{1}{5}\right)} \\
= & \frac{65 x+1}{5 x-1}
\end{aligned}
$$

Example 7
Simplify fully,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{D}{x}+\frac{D}{3 p}}{\frac{D}{3 x}-\frac{D}{p}} \\
& =\frac{\left(\frac{D(3 p+x)}{3 p x}\right)}{\left(\frac{D(p-3 x)}{3 p x}\right)} \times 3 p x \\
& =\frac{D(3 p+x)}{D(p-3 x)} \div D \\
& =\frac{3 p+x}{p-3 x}
\end{aligned}
$$

1) Simplify fully:

| $\frac{4 d+6}{2}$ | $\frac{9 x+6}{3}$ | $\frac{8 a+10 b}{2}$ | $\frac{15 m-10 n}{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{8 x-4 y}{2}$ | $\frac{a x+b x}{x}$ | $\frac{x^{2}-x}{x}$ | $\frac{2 x^{2}-4}{2}$ |
| $\frac{12}{3 x-9}$ | $\frac{5 x+10}{15}$ | $\frac{2 x+4 y+6 z}{4 x-6 y+2 z}$ | $\frac{-2 x-4}{-6 x-4}$ |
| $\frac{2 x}{6 x-4}$ | $\frac{3 x}{6 x^{2}-3}$ | $\frac{3 x}{6 x^{2}-3 x}$ | $\frac{2 x-1}{6 x^{2}-3 x}$ |
| $\frac{3 m-6}{2 m-4}$ | $\frac{m^{2}+3 m}{3 m+9}$ | $\frac{x^{2}-3 x}{x^{2}+2 x}$ | $\frac{5 x-10}{6-3 x}$ |

2) Simplify fully :
(a) $\frac{x^{2}+3 x}{x^{2}+4 x+3}$
(b) $\frac{x^{2}+3 x+2}{x^{2}+4 x+3}$
(c) $\frac{x^{2}-2 x}{x^{2}+x-6}$
(d) $\frac{x^{2}-x-20}{x^{2}+7 x+12}$
(e) $\frac{x^{2}-4 x+4}{x^{2}-5 x+6}$
(f) $\frac{x^{2}-5 x}{x^{2}+4 x}$
(g) $\frac{x^{2}-1}{x+1}$
(h) $\frac{x-2}{x^{2}-4}$
(i) $\frac{x^{2}-2 x-3}{2 x-6}$
(j) $\frac{2 x^{2}-2 x-12}{2 x^{2}-18}$
(k) $\frac{2 x^{2}-7 x-15}{2 x^{2}-5 x-12}$
(1) $\frac{6 x^{2}-13 x-5}{9 x^{2}-1}$

## Answers

1) 

(a) $2 d+3$
(b) $3 x+2$
(c) $4 a+5 b$
(d) $3 m-2 n$
(e) $4 x-2 y$
(f) $a+b$
(g) $x-1$
(h) $x^{2}-2$
(i) $\frac{4}{x-3}$
(j) $\frac{x+2}{3}$
(k) $\frac{x+2 y+3 z}{2 x-3 y+z}$
(1) $\frac{x+2}{3 x+2}$
(m) $\frac{x}{3 x-2}$
(n) $\frac{x}{2 x^{2}-1}$
(o) $\frac{1}{2 x-1}$
(p) $\frac{1}{3 x}$
(q) $\frac{3}{2}$
(r) $\frac{m}{3}$
(s) $\frac{x-3}{x+2}$
(t) $\quad-\frac{5}{3}$
2)
(a) $\frac{x}{x+1}$
(b) $\frac{x+2}{x+3}$
(c) $\frac{x}{x+3}$
(d) $\frac{x-5}{x+3}$
(e) $\frac{x-2}{x-3}$
(f) $\frac{x-5}{x+4}$
(g) $x-1$
(h) $\frac{1}{x+2}$
(i) $\frac{x+1}{2}$
(j) $\frac{x+2}{x+3}$
(k) $\frac{x-5}{x-4}$
(1) $\frac{2 x-5}{3 x-1}$

