1. Write each of the following in Scientific Notation.
(a) 31000000
(b) 206000
(c) 0.000056
(d) 0.000312
(e) 0.0000004
(f) 44800000000
(g) 0.00312
(h) 16 million
(i) 126000000
(j) 0.0000006
(k) 3.6 million
(l) 0.000325
2. Write each of the following as ordinary numbers.
(a) $2.31 \times 10^{6}$
(b) $2.1 \times 10^{5}$
(c) $4.634 \times 10^{-4}$
(d) $6.5 \times 10^{9}$
(e) $4 \times 10^{6}$
(f) $9.3 \times 10^{-5}$
(g) $3 \times 10^{-8}$
(h) $5.75 \times 10^{8}$
(i) $3.667 \times 10^{10}$
(j) $4.2 \times 10^{-9}$
(k) $7 \times 10^{-3}$
(l) $2.3 \times 10^{12}$
3. The table below shows the distances from each planet in our solar system to the Sun. Write all these distances in Scientific Notation.

| Planet | Average Distance <br> from the Sun <br> (kilometers) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sun | N/A |
| Mercury | $57,909,000$ |
| Venus | $108,200,000$ |
| Earth | $149,600,000$ |
| Mars | $227,940,000$ |
| Jupiter | $778,400,000$ |
| Saturn | $1,423,600,000$ |
| Uranus | $2,867,000,000$ |
| Neptune | $4,488,400,000$ |
| Pluto | $5,909,600,000$ |

4. (a) Newton's constant of gravitation is $6.674 \times 10^{-11}$. Write this as an ordinary number.
(b) In Science the Magnetic Constant is $1.257 \times 10^{-6}$. Write this as an ordinary number.
(c) The speed of light in a vacuum is $2.998 \times 10^{8}$ metres per second. Write this as an ordinary number.
(d) A light year is a distance of $9.46 \times 10^{12}$ kilometres. Write this as an ordinary number.
(e) The large Magellanic cloud is $1.69 \times 10^{18}$ kilometres from Earth. Write this distance as an ordinary number.

5. Carry out the following calculations, writing your answer in Scientific Notation.
(a) $3.2 \times 10^{7} \times 2$
(b) $6.13 \times 10^{8} \times 5$
(c) $2.2 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{x} 8$
(d) $3.15 \times 10^{7} \times 30$
(e) $4.65 \times 10^{5} \times 60$
(f) $3.7 \times 10^{6} \times 50$
(g) $7.32 \times 10^{-5} \times 4$
(h) $5.32 \times 10^{-8} \times 9$
(i) $5.55 \times 10^{-4} \times 40$
(j) $2.6 \times 10^{-5} \times 30$
(k) $4.32 \times 10^{-9} \times 400$
(l) $7.15 \times 10^{-10} \times 300$
(m) $3.75 \times 10^{8} \div 3$
(n) $6.85 \times 10^{9} \div 5$
(o) $4.48 \times 10^{6} \div 8$
(p) $2.56 \times 10^{-7} \div 2$
(q) $1.32 \times 10^{-8} \div 4$
(r) $8.55 \times 10^{8} \div 50$
(s) $7.2 \times 10^{10} \div 60$
(t) $4.56 \times 10^{-6} \div 80$
(u) $2.34 \times 10^{-7} \div 90$
6. Give the answers to the following in Scientific Notation.
(a) A rocket travels at a speed of $3.65 \times 10^{5}$ kilometres per hour. How far will the rocket travel in 6 hours.
(b) A magazine has a thickness of $1.36 \times 10^{-4}$ metres. The magazine contains 80 sheets of paper. Calculate the thickness of one sheet of paper.
(c) A comet travels a distance of $7.55 \times 10^{7}$ kilometres in 20 hours. Calculate the speed of the comet in kilometres per hour.
(d) A British company in 2007 made a profit of $£ 1.65 \times 10^{6}$ per minute. Calculate the profit they made each hour.
(e) A beekeeper has $2.46 \times 10^{4}$ bees spread equally among 6 hives. How many bees are in each hive?

(f) A tank of water contains $3.15 \times 10^{4}$ bacteria. The volume of water in the tank is $70 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$. Calculate the number of bacteria in $1 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ of water.
(g) An average adult with 10 pints of blood has approximately $2.46 \times 10^{12}$ red blood cells in their body. How many red blood cells are in each pint of blood?

(h) A blonde haired person has on average $1.44 \times 10^{5}$ hairs on their head. Calculate the number of hairs per $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ on a person whose scalp has an area of $80 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.
