1. Establish the equation of each of these parabolas
(a)

(b)

2. Prove that:
(a) $\sin ^{3} A+\sin A \cos ^{2} A=\sin A$.
(b) $\quad \cos A \tan A=\sin A$.
(c) $\frac{1-\cos ^{2} A}{\cos ^{2} A}=\tan ^{2} A$.
3. Simplify:
(a) $\frac{3}{x}-\frac{2}{x^{2}}$
(b) $\frac{1}{2 y}-\frac{1}{3 y}$
(c) $\frac{5}{x}-\frac{2}{x-2}$
4. Find the equation of each of these Trig graphs:
(a)

(b)

5. (a) $d=\frac{k-m}{t}$. Change the subject to $k$.
(b) $\quad Q=p^{2}+3 T$. Change the subject to $T$.
(c) (d) $m=\frac{3 x+2 y}{p}$. Change the subject to $x$.
6. Is the triangle below right-angled?

7. These two jugs are mathematically similar. The first has a diameter of 15 cm and the second has a diameter of 20 cm .
If the first holds 2.16 litres of liquid, how many litres does the second hold?

8. There are 4 girls and 14 boys in a class.

A child is chosen at random and is asked to roll a fair die, numbered from 1 to 6 .
Which of these is more likely?
A: the child is female

## OR

B: the child rolls a 5.
Justify your answer fully.
9. In the circle below, AB has length 12 units and PQ has length 2 units.

O is the centre and the radius has length $r$ units.
Calculate the length of the radius.

10. Two variables $x$ and $y$ are connected by the relationship $y=a x+b$.

Given that both $a$ and $b$ are negative, sketch a possible graph of $y$ against $x$ to illustrate this relationship.

