1. Evaluate, without a calculator:
(a) $\frac{2}{5}$ of $3 \frac{1}{2}$
(b) $1-\frac{17}{20}$
(c) $3 \frac{5}{7}-2 \frac{1}{2}$
2. Solve, leaving your answer as a fraction:
(a) $3 x+1=11$
(b) $4 x-2=15$
(c) $5 x-3=10-2 x$
3. A survey of how pupils travelled to school revealed 8 walking, 10 by bus, 7 cycling and 4 by car. Show this information in an appropriate statistical diagram.
4. A rhombus has diagonals measuring 24 cm and 12 cm .
(a) Draw a sketch of the rhombus.
(b) Calculate its area.
(c) By using P.T. on a suitable right-angled triangle, calculate the perimeter of the rhombus.
5. A rectangle has length $2 x+5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and breadth $2 x-3 \mathrm{~cm}$.
(a) Find an expression for its perimeter $P$ in terms of $x$.
(b) Given that the perimeter is 68 cm , find the value of $x$.
6. (a) Plot the points A 3,1, B 7,4 and C 4,8. Join them to make triangle ABC.
(b) Use P.T. to determine the length of each side, leaving your answer as a square root, if necessary.
7. Calculate the average speed for the following journeys:
(a) 84 km in 6 hrs
(b) 35 km in 1 hr 15 min (answer in $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ )
(c) $3.2 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~km}$ in $8 \times 10^{-1} \mathrm{sec}$ (answer in $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{sec}$ )
8. (a) Calculate the length of AD .
(c) Calculate the area of quadrilateral ABCD . [The units of length are cm.].

9. In the isosceles right-angled triangle below, find the value of $x$, correct to 1 decimal place.

10. A circle has diameter 8 units.
(a) Calculate its circumference, leaving your answer in terms of $\pi$.
(b) Calculate its area, leaving your answer in terms of $\pi$.
11. (a) A circle is inscribed in a square of side 12 units.

Calculate the area of the circle, leaving your answer in terms of $\pi$.
(b) A circle is inscribed in a square of side $2 a$ units. Calculate an expression for the area of the circle, leaving your answer in terms of $a$ and $\pi$.
9. Evaluate, without a calculator:
(a) $1 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{1}{3}$
(b) $3 \frac{1}{4} \times 1 \frac{1}{7}$
(c) $6 \frac{1}{2} \div 3 \frac{3}{4}$
(d) $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{4}$
(e) $2 \frac{1}{7} \div 1 \frac{2}{3}$
(f) $\quad 2 \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{2}\right)$
10. The sizes of the angles of a triangle are $x^{\circ}, 2 x^{\circ}$ and $3 x^{\circ}$. find the value of $x$ and hence the size of eaqch angle.
11. The area of a circle is 100 square centimetres. Find its radius, to 3 significant figures.
12.


Rectangles A, B and C have areas in the ratio 2:3:4. What fraction of the total area is shaded?
13. Find the distance travelled for each of the following journeys:
(a) 3 hr 15 min at an average speed of $48 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
(b) 47 min at an average speed of $90 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
14. A journey of 240 km is made in the following way:

The first 30 km at an average speed of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
The last 50 km at an average speed of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
The middle part of the journey at an average speed of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
Find the time taken for the whole journey.

