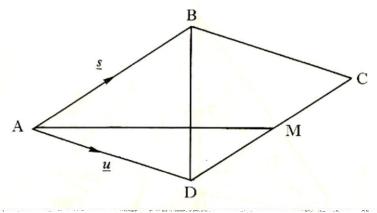
1. The diagram below shows a parallelogram ABCD. M is the mid-point of CD and \overrightarrow{AD} and \overrightarrow{AB} represent the vectors \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{s} respectively.

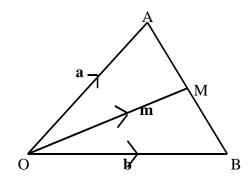


- (a) Express \overrightarrow{AM} and \overrightarrow{BD} in terms of **u** and **s**.
- (b) If $\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{s} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$, find the components of the vectors represented by \overrightarrow{AM} and \overrightarrow{BD} .

What conclusion can you draw about the straight lines AM and BD?

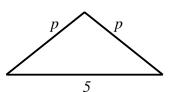
2. Relative to an origin O, M is the mid-point of the line segment AB.

Vectors **a**, **b** and **m** represent the directed line segments \overrightarrow{OA} , \overrightarrow{OB} and \overrightarrow{OM} respectively.



- (a) Show that $\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a}$
- (b) Show that $\overrightarrow{OM} = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$
- 3.

p p-2



The perimeter of the rectangle is greater than the perimeter of the triangle.

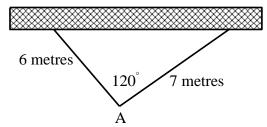
- (a) Form an inequality in p.
- (b) Solve the inequality to find the values of p which satisfy the condition stated, where p is a whole number.

4. Solve these trigonometric equations

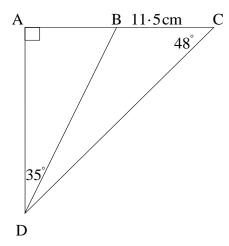
(a)
$$\cos 2x^{\circ} = \frac{1}{2}, \quad 0 \le x \le 360$$

(b)
$$\tan^2 x^\circ = 3, \quad 0 \le x \le 360$$

5. The Addams family wants to fence of a triangular part of their garden for their pet rattlesnake. They have a long straight wall available and two straight pieces of fencing 6 metres and 7 metres in length. They first erect the fencing as shown below.



- (a) Find the area enclosed by the wall and the two pieces of fencing.
- (b) What size should they make angle A to maximise the area of the triangle? Justify your answer.
- 6. In the diagram below, BC = 10.5 cm. Calculate the length of AD.



7. The depth of water in a harbour is given by the formula

$$d = 8 + 3\sin(30t)^{\circ},$$

where d is the depth in metres, and t is the number of hours after midnight.

- (a) Write down the maximum depth and the minimum depth.
- (b) Find the depth at 3.15 p.m.
- (c) At what time is the first "low tide" after midnight?
- (d) When is the depth first equal to 6.5 metres?