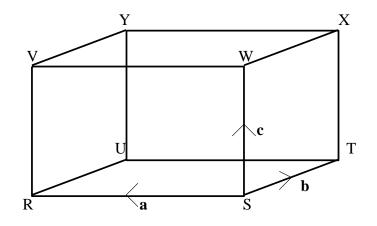
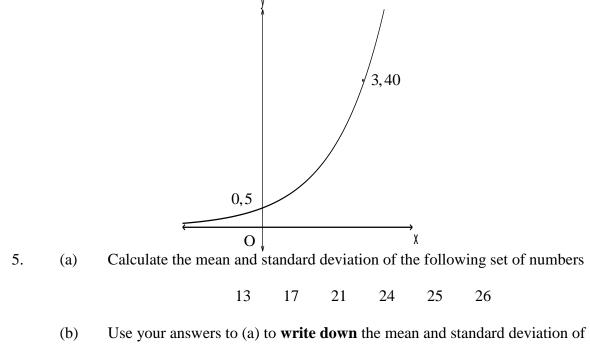
**National 5 Applications** 

1. In the diagram below RSTU, VWXY represents a cuboid.  $\overrightarrow{SR}$  represents vector **a**,  $\overrightarrow{ST}$  represents vector **b** and  $\overrightarrow{SW}$  represents vector **c**.



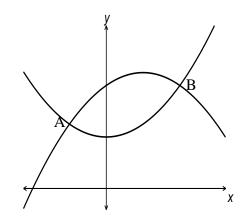
Express the following vectors in terms of **a** and/or **b** and /or **c**.

- (a)  $\overrightarrow{RT}$  (b)  $\overrightarrow{UX}$  (c)  $\overrightarrow{RX}$  (d)  $\overrightarrow{VT}$
- 2. Solve these trig equations for  $0 \le x \le 360$ .
  - (a)  $4\sin x^{\circ} + 3 = 0$  (b)  $3\tan x^{\circ} = 2 3\sin 231^{\circ}$
- 3. Explain, using the quadratic formula, why the equation  $x^2 + x + 4 = 0$  has no real solutions.
- 4. The graph of the function  $y = a \times b^x$  is shown below. It passes through the points 0,5 and 3,40. Find the values of *a* and *b*.



113 117 121 124 125 126

- A tank contains 10 litres of water.A further 30 litres of water are poured into the tank at a steady rate of 5 litres per minute.
  - (a) Draw an accurate graph of the volume, *V* litres, against the time, *t* minutes.
  - (b) Write down an equation connecting *V* and *t*.
- 7. The intensity of light, *I*, emerging after passing through a liquid with concentration, *c*, is given by the formula  $I = \frac{20}{2^c}$ ,  $c \ge 0$ .
  - (a) Find the intensity of light when the concentration is 3.
  - (b) Find the concentration of the liquid when the intensity is 10.
  - (c) What is the maximum possible intensity?
- 8. Simplify  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{24}}$ , expressing your answer with a rational denominator.
- 9. (a)  $F = f\left(1 \frac{v}{s}\right)$ . Change the subject of this formula to v.
  - (b)  $M = 80 \times 2^{-t}$ . draw a graph of M against t for  $0 \le t \le 5$ .
  - (c) Solve the inequality  $2-5 \ 3x-2 \ge 4 \ 1-3x$
- 10. The sketch below shows the curves with equations  $y=8+2x-x^2$  and  $y=x^2+4$ .



The curves intersect at points A and B. Find, algebraically, the coordinates of A and B.

11. Mello aftershave is sold in cylindrical cans. The manufacturer wants to change the dimensions of the can to produce a taller, slimmer can.

The height of the can is to be increased by 30%. By what percentage must the radius be reduced if the volume is to remain the same?