



# **2011 Mathematics**

## **Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 1**

### **Finalised Marking Instructions**

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## Part One: General Marking Principles for Mathematics Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 1

*This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.*

1. Marks for each candidate response must always be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from the Principal Assessor. You can do this by posting a question on the Marking Team forum. Alternatively, you can refer the issue directly to the Principal Assessor by completing a Principal Assessor Referral form and returning it with the script in the normal way.
2. Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.
3. Award one mark for each 'bullet' point shown in the Marking Instructions.
4. Working subsequent to an error must be followed through with the possibility of awarding all remaining marks for the subsequent working, provided the question has not been not simplified as a result of the error. In particular, the answer to one part of a question, even if incorrect, must be accepted as a basis for subsequent dependent parts of the question. Full marks in the dependent part(s) may be awarded provided the question has not been not simplified.
5. Solutions which seem unlikely to include anything of relevance must nevertheless be followed through. Candidates still have the opportunity of gaining one mark or more provided the solution satisfies the criteria for the marks.
6. The following should not be penalised:
  - working subsequent to a correct answer (unless it provides firm evidence that the requirements of the question have not been met)
  - omission or misuse of units (unless marks have been specifically allocated for the purpose in the Marking Instructions)
  - bad form, eg  $\sin x^\circ = 0.5 = 30^\circ$
  - legitimate variation in numerical values/algebraic expressions.
7. Full credit should only be given where the solution contains appropriate working. Where the correct answer may be obtained by inspection or mentally, credit may be given, but reference to this will be made in the Marking Instructions.
8. In general only give credit for answers if working is shown. A wrong answer without working receives no credit unless specifically mentioned in the Marking Instructions. The rubric on page one of the question paper states that 'full credit will be given only where the solution contains appropriate working'.
9. Sometimes the method to be used in a particular question is explicitly stated; no credit should be given where a candidate obtains the correct answer by an alternative method.
10. Where the method to be used in a particular question is not explicitly stated, full credit must be given for alternative methods which produce the correct answer.

11. Do not penalise the same error twice in the same question.
12. Do not penalise a transcription error unless the question has been simplified as a result.
13. Where a solution has been scored out and not replaced then provided the solution is legible marks should be awarded in line with the Marking Instructions for that question.
14. Where more than one solution is given, mark them all and award the least mark.
15. The symbols ✓ and ✕ are used in the Marking Instructions to give guidance regarding the awarding of marks for specific candidate responses to some questions, eg 'award 2/4 ✓✕✕✓' indicates that the 1<sup>st</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> marks should be awarded but the 2<sup>nd</sup> & 3<sup>rd</sup> marks should not.

**Part Two: Mathematics Intermediate 1: Paper 1, Units 1, 2 and 3**

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
1	a		<b>Ans: 20·37</b> • <sup>1</sup> calculate $6\cdot47 + 13\cdot9$ : 20·37	1	
1	b		<b>Ans: 225</b> • <sup>1</sup> calculate $\frac{5}{8}$ of 360: 225	1	
1	c		<b>Ans: 156</b> • <sup>1</sup> calculate $12 \times 13$ : 156	1	
2			<b>Ans: 13 hours 35 minutes</b> • <sup>1</sup> calculate time from 1745 to 0720: 13 hours 35 minutes	1	1. Accept 13.35
3			<b>Ans: 25</b> • <sup>1</sup> know to multiply $4 \times (-2)$ then subtract answer from 17: eg $17 - (-8)$ , $17 + 8$ • <sup>2</sup> carry out integer multiplication and subtraction correctly: 25	2	1. Some common answers (no working necessary) (a) 25 award 2/2 (b) -26 [ $13 \times (-2)$ ] award 1/2 (c) 8 or -8 award 0/2 2. Some common answers ( <b>working must be shown</b> ) (a) $17 - 8 = 9$ or $17 - 8$ award 1/2 (b) $-8 - 17 = -25$ [ $4 \times (-2) - 17$ ] award 1/2 (c) $8 - 17 = -9$ [ $4 \times (-2) - 17$ ] award 0/2 (d) $17 - 6 = 11$ award 0/2 (e) $17 + 6 = 23$ award 0/2

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
4	a		<p><b>Ans: (-7,2) and (5,-6) plotted correctly</b></p> <p>•<sup>1</sup> (-7,2) <b>and</b> (5,-6) plotted correctly:</p>	1	1. Points need not be labelled
4	b		<p><b>Ans: (-1,-2)</b></p> <p>•<sup>1</sup> state coordinates of midpoint of PQ: (-1,-2)</p>	1	<p>1. Line PQ need not be drawn</p> <p>2. Accept -1,-2 without brackets or (-1), (-2)</p> <p>3. Where (2,-7) and (-6,5) are plotted in (a) then accept either (-2,-1) or (-1,-2) in (b)</p>

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
5	a		<p><b>Ans: £4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><sup>1</sup> know how to find cost of additional distance: <math>2 \times 50(p)</math></li> <li><sup>2</sup> correctly add £3 to above: <math>(£)3 + 2 \times 50(p) = (£)4</math></li> </ul>	2	<p>1. (£)4 without working award 2/2</p> <p>2. Some common answers (<b>working must be shown</b>)</p> <p>(a) <math>3 \times (£)3 + 2 \times 50(p) = (£)10</math> award 1/2</p> <p>(b) <math>(£)3 + 3 \times 50(p) = (£)4.50</math> award 1/2</p> <p>(c) <math>3 \times (£)3 + 3 \times 50(p) = (£)10.50</math> award 0/2</p> <p>(d) <math>(£)3 + 50(p) = (£)3.50</math> award 0/2</p>
5	b		<p><b>Ans: 4500m</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><sup>1</sup> know to split £7 into £3 + <math>8 \times 50p</math></li> <li><sup>2</sup> calculate distance: <math>500 + 8 \times 500 = 4500</math></li> </ul>	2	<p>1. 4500 without working award 2/2 (irrespective of answer to (a))</p> <p>2. Award 1/2 for these common answers (<b>working must be shown</b>)</p> <p>(a) If candidate uses 50p per 500m, then allow <b>one</b> 500 less or <b>one</b> 500 extra</p> <p>(i) <math>8 \times 500 = 4000</math></p> <p>(ii) <math>500 + 7 \times 500 = 4000</math></p> <p>(iii) <math>500 + 9 \times 500 = 5000</math></p> <p>(b) If candidate uses £1 per 1000m, then allow <b>one</b> 1000 less or <b>one</b> 1000 extra</p> <p>(i) <math>4 \times 1000 = 4000</math></p> <p>(ii) <math>500 + 3 \times 1000 = 3500</math></p> <p>(iii) <math>500 + 5 \times 1000 = 5500</math></p> <p>(c) If candidate uses £1 per 500m, then <math>£3 + 4 \times £1</math> must be used <math>500 + 4 \times 500 = 2500</math></p> <p>3. Where incorrect method is used in part (a), then allow follow through in part (b)</p> <p>(i) (a) = £4.50 (b) = 4000 award 2/2 for (b)</p> <p>(ii) (a) = £10.50 (b) = 1000 award 1/2 for (b)</p> <p>(iii) (a) = £10 (b) = 1071 award 2/2 for (b), (b) = <math>1000 + 500 \div 7</math> award 1/2 for (b) (b) = 1000 award 0/2 for (b)</p>

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance								
6			<p><b>Ans: <math>p = 14</math></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>•<sup>1</sup> start to collect like terms: <math>4p</math> or <math>56</math></li><li>•<sup>2</sup> collect like terms <b>and</b> equate: <math>4p = 56</math></li><li>•<sup>3</sup> solve equation for <math>p</math>: <math>p = 14</math></li></ul>	3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>For the award of the 3<sup>rd</sup> mark an answer of the form '<math>p =</math>' is required</li><li>For answers without valid working eg<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li><math>4p - 2 = 54 \rightarrow 56 \div 4 \rightarrow p = 14</math> award 2/3 ✓×✓</li><li><math>p = 14</math> without working award 1/3 ××✓</li><li><math>56 \div 4 = 14</math> award 1/3 ✓××</li><li><math>7 \times 14 - 2 = 54 + 3 \times 14 \rightarrow p = 14</math> award 1/3 ××✓</li></ol></li><li>Answers acceptable for partial credit (valid working must be shown)<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li><math>4p = 56 \rightarrow 14</math> ✓✓× award 2/3</li><li><math>4p = 52 \rightarrow p = 13</math> ✓×✓ award 2/3</li><li><math>10p = 56 \rightarrow p = 5.6</math> ✓×✓ award 2/3</li><li><math>10p = 52 \rightarrow p = 5.2</math> ××✓ award 1/3</li></ol></li></ol>								
7	a		<p><b>Ans:</b></p> <table><tr><td>x</td><td>-2</td><td>0</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>-8</td><td>-2</td><td>7</td></tr></table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>•<sup>1</sup> calculate <math>y</math> when <math>x = -2</math>: <math>-8</math></li><li>•<sup>2</sup> calculate <math>y</math> when <math>x = 0</math> <b>and</b> <math>3</math>: <math>-2</math> <b>and</b> <math>7</math></li></ul>	x	-2	0	3	y	-8	-2	7	2	
x	-2	0	3										
y	-8	-2	7										
7	b		<p><b>Ans: straight line graph of <math>y = 3x - 2</math></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>•<sup>1</sup> correctly plot all three points from the table</li><li>•<sup>2</sup> draw straight line through the three points shown in the table</li></ul>	2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>If the line <math>y = 3x - 2</math> is drawn (even if this is not consistent with the points in the table) award 2/2 [minimum acceptable length: line joining <math>(-1, -5)</math> to <math>(1, 1)</math>]</li><li>Where the three points plotted are consistent with the table and are not collinear, the 2<sup>nd</sup> mark is unavailable <b>[Check gradients]</b></li><li>Where <math>(y, x)</math> is consistently plotted, answer should be followed through with the possibility of awarding the 2<sup>nd</sup> mark</li></ol>								

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance												
8	a		<p><b>Ans: 15 minutes</b></p> <p>•<sup>1</sup> find mode: 15</p>	1	<p>1. For an answer of 15 (a) without working, award 1/1 (b) with evidence of an incorrect method , award 0/1 eg 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 [median] 75 ÷ 5 = 15 [“mean”]</p>												
8	b		<p><b>Ans: 7/30</b></p> <p>•<sup>1</sup> find probability: 7/30</p>	1	<p>1. Accept 7:30, 7 out of 30, 7 in 30, 7-30, 0.23(3...), 23(·3...)%</p>												
8	c		<p><b>Ans: 16.5</b></p> <p>•<sup>1</sup> complete table:</p> <table><tr><td>140</td></tr><tr><td>125</td></tr><tr><td style="border-top: 1px solid black;">495</td></tr></table> <p>•<sup>2</sup> know to divide Σfx by 30: 495 ÷ 30</p> <p>•<sup>3</sup> correctly divide Σfx by 30: = 16.5</p>	140	125	495	3	<p>1. Award of 1<sup>st</sup> mark: 140, 125 and 495 need not appear in table but must be shown in working</p> <p>2. 2<sup>nd</sup> mark may only be awarded for attempting Σfx ÷ 30</p> <p>3. <u>Answer</u>    <u>With evidence for 1<sup>st</sup> mark</u>    <u>Without evidence for 1<sup>st</sup> mark</u></p> <table><tr><td>16.5</td><td>3/3 ✓✓✓</td><td>2/3 ✗✓✓</td></tr><tr><td>99 [495 ÷ 5]</td><td>1/3 ✓✗✗</td><td>0/3</td></tr><tr><td>495 ÷ 3 × 10 [= 1650]</td><td>2/3 ✓✓✗</td><td>1/3 ✓✗✗</td></tr></table>	16.5	3/3 ✓✓✓	2/3 ✗✓✓	99 [495 ÷ 5]	1/3 ✓✗✗	0/3	495 ÷ 3 × 10 [= 1650]	2/3 ✓✓✗	1/3 ✓✗✗
140																	
125																	
495																	
16.5	3/3 ✓✓✓	2/3 ✗✓✓															
99 [495 ÷ 5]	1/3 ✓✗✗	0/3															
495 ÷ 3 × 10 [= 1650]	2/3 ✓✓✗	1/3 ✓✗✗															



Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance																																				
9			<p><b>Ans:</b></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>105</td><td>80</td><td>55</td><td>50</td><td>30</td><td>Total</td></tr> <tr> <td>✓</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td>190</td></tr> <tr> <td>✓</td><td></td><td></td><td>✓</td><td>✓</td><td>185</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td>✓</td><td>✓</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td>165</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td>✓</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td>✓</td><td>160</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td>✓</td><td>✓</td><td>✓</td><td>135</td></tr> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> complete one row correctly</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> complete another two rows correctly</li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> complete final two rows correctly</li> </ul>	105	80	55	50	30	Total	✓		✓		✓	190	✓			✓	✓	185		✓	✓		✓	165		✓		✓	✓	160			✓	✓	✓	135	3	<p>1. Where there are missing totals a maximum of 2 marks is available</p> <p>(a) 5 rows otherwise “correct” award 2/3</p> <p>(b) 2 rows otherwise “correct” award 1/3</p>
105	80	55	50	30	Total																																				
✓		✓		✓	190																																				
✓			✓	✓	185																																				
	✓	✓		✓	165																																				
	✓		✓	✓	160																																				
		✓	✓	✓	135																																				
10	a		<p><b>Ans: 9 or -2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> find hidden number: 9 or -2</li> </ul>	1	<p>1. Answer may appear on hidden card</p>																																				
10	b		<p><b>Ans: 4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> know that total = mean <math>\times</math> 6: <math>5 \times 6</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> find hidden number: <math>30 - (7 + 8 + 2 + 8 + 1) = 4</math></li> </ul>	2	<p>1. 4 without working award 2/2</p> <p>2. (a) <math>26 \div 6 = 4(\dots) = 4</math> award 0/2 (b) <math>26 \div 5 = 5(\dots)</math> then an answer of 4 award 2/2</p> <p>3. Alternative strategy:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> two trials where second is better than first:</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> find hidden number: 4</li> </ul> <p>4. Answer may appear on hidden card</p>																																				

**TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 1**

**30**

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]



**2011 Mathematics**

**Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 2**

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## **Part One: General Marking Principles for Mathematics Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 2**

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1. Marks for each candidate response must always be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from the Principal Assessor. You can do this by posting a question on the Marking Team forum. Alternatively, you can refer the issue directly to the Principal Assessor by completing a Principal Assessor Referral form and returning it with the script in the normal way.
2. Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.
3. Award one mark for each 'bullet' point shown in the Marking Instructions.
4. Working subsequent to an error must be followed through with the possibility of awarding all remaining marks for the subsequent working, provided the question has not been not simplified as a result of the error. In particular, the answer to one part of a question, even if incorrect, must be accepted as a basis for subsequent dependent parts of the question. Full marks in the dependent part(s) may be awarded provided the question has not been not simplified.
5. Solutions which seem unlikely to include anything of relevance must nevertheless be followed through. Candidates still have the opportunity of gaining one mark or more provided the solution satisfies the criteria for the marks.
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  - working subsequent to a correct answer (unless it provides firm evidence that the requirements of the question have not been met)
  - omission or misuse of units (unless marks have been specifically allocated for the purpose in the Marking Instructions)
  - bad form, eg  $\sin x^\circ = 0.5 = 30^\circ$
  - legitimate variation in numerical values/algebraic expressions
7. Full credit should only be given where the solution contains appropriate working. Where the correct answer may be obtained by inspection or mentally, credit may be given, but reference to this will be made in the Marking Instructions.
8. In general only give credit for answers if working is shown. A wrong answer without working receives no credit unless specifically mentioned in the Marking Instructions. The rubric on page one of the question paper states that 'full credit will be given only where the solution contains appropriate working'.
9. Sometimes the method to be used in a particular question is explicitly stated; no credit should be given where a candidate obtains the correct answer by an alternative method.
10. Where the method to be used in a particular question is not explicitly stated, full credit must be given for alternative methods which produce the correct answer.

11. Do not penalise the same error twice in the same question.
12. Do not penalise a transcription error unless the question has been simplified as a result.
13. Where a solution has been scored out and not replaced then provided the solution is legible marks should be awarded in line with the Marking Instructions for that question.
14. Where more than one solution is given, mark them all and award the least mark.
15. The symbols ✓ and ✕ are used in the Marking Instructions to give guidance regarding the awarding of marks for specific candidate responses to some questions, eg ‘award 2/4 ✓✕✕✓’ indicates that the 1<sup>st</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> marks should be awarded but the 2<sup>nd</sup> & 3<sup>rd</sup> marks should not.

**Part Two: Mathematics Intermediate 1: Paper 2, Units 1, 2 and 3**

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
1			<p><b>Ans: 50 minutes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> find number of calories per minute: <math>160 \div 20 = 8</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> find time: <math>400 \div 8 = 50</math></li> </ul>	2	<p>1. Correct answer without working award 2/2</p> <p>2. Alternative strategies</p> <p>(a)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> <math>20 \div 160 = 0.125</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> <math>0.125 \times 400 = 50</math></li> </ul> <p>(b)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> <math>400 \div 160 = 2.5</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> <math>2.5 \times 20 = 50</math></li> </ul> <p>(c)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1,2</sup> eg <math>\begin{array}{r} 160 \ 20 \\ 160 \ 20 \\ \hline 80 \ 10 \\ \hline 400 \ 50 \end{array}</math></li> </ul> <p>[In this case award 1/2 for correct strategy with <b>one</b> error.]</p>
2			<p><b>Ans: <math>c &lt; 6</math></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> collect constants: <math>7c &lt; 42</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> solve inequality for m: <math>c &lt; 6</math></li> </ul>	2	<p>1. For answers without valid working award 1/2 eg</p> <p>(a) <math>c &lt; 6</math> without working <math>\times \checkmark</math></p> <p>(b) <math>7 \times 6 + 13 &lt; 55 \rightarrow c &lt; 6 \times \checkmark</math></p> <p>(c) <math>7c = 42 \rightarrow c &lt; 6 \times \checkmark</math></p> <p>2. Answers acceptable for partial credit (valid working must be shown) award 1/2</p> <p>(a) <math>7c &lt; 42 \rightarrow c &lt; 6 \checkmark \times</math></p> <p>(b) <math>7c &lt; 42 \rightarrow c = 6 \checkmark \times</math></p> <p>(c) <math>7c = 42 \rightarrow c = 6 \checkmark \times</math></p> <p>(d) <math>7c &lt; 68 \rightarrow c &lt; 9.7(\dots) \times \checkmark</math></p>

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
3			<p><b>Ans: £ <math>3.8 \times 10^6</math></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> find total value : <math>950 \times 4000 = 3\,800\,000</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> express answer in standard form: <math>3.8 \times 10^n</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> consistent power of ten: <math>3.8 \times 10^6</math></li> </ul>	3	<p>1. Correct answer without working award 3/3</p> <p>2. Some common answers (no working necessary)</p> <p>(a) <math>38 \times 10^5</math> award 2/3 ✓ × ✓</p> <p>(b) <math>3.8 \times 10^6</math> award 2/3 ✓ ✓ ×</p> <p>(c) <math>3 \times 10^6, 4 \times 10^6</math> award 2/3 × ✓ ✓</p> <p>(d) <math>9.5 \times 10^2, 4 \times 10^3</math> award 1/3</p>

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
4	a		<p><b>Ans: 1 hour 15 minutes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><sup>1</sup> interpret graph: 1 hour 15 minutes (or equivalent)</li> </ul>	1	
4	b		<p><b>Ans: 80 mph</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><sup>1</sup> know how to find speed: <math>S = \frac{D}{T}</math></li> <li><sup>2</sup> interpret graph: <math>D = 300</math>, <math>T = 3\text{h}45\text{m}</math></li> <li><sup>3</sup> calculate speed: <math>300 \div 3.75 = 80</math></li> </ul>	3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Correct answer without working award 3/3</li> <li>Some common answers (no working necessary, rounding or truncation is acceptable) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) <math>300 \div 3.45 = 87, 86(.9\dots)</math> award 2/3 ✓✓×</li> <li>(b) <math>300 \div 225 = 1.3(\dots)</math> award 2/3 ✓✓×</li> <li>(c) <math>300 \times 3.75 = 1125</math> award 2/3 ×✓✓</li> <li>(d) <math>300 \times 3.45 = 1035</math> award 1/3 ×✓×</li> <li>(e) <math>300 \times 225 = 67500</math> award 1/3 ×✓×</li> </ul> </li> <li>Where <b>time is only given in decimal form</b> then 3<sup>rd</sup> mark is only available for division (or multiplication) by: 4.75 (Jack's arrival time), 3.5 (Jill's arrival time), 2.75 (Jill's departure time), 1.75 (difference of J&amp;J's starting times), 1.25 (answer to part a), 0.75 (Jill's journey time).   ie <math>300 \div 4.75 = 63</math> ✓×✓  <math>300 \times 0.75 = 225</math> ××✓  <math>300 \div 2.5 = 120</math> ✓××  However, 2h30 m leading to <math>300 \div 2.5 = 120</math>  ✓×✓ </li> <li>3<sup>rd</sup> mark is not available for division by a whole number.</li> </ol>

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
5	a		<p><b>Ans: <math>9m + 35</math></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> multiply out bracket: <math>10m + 35</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> collect like terms: <math>9m + 35</math></li> </ul>	2	<p>1. Correct answer without working award 2/2</p> <p>2. 2<sup>nd</sup> mark is not available if there is invalid subsequent working eg  <math>9m + 35 \rightarrow 44m</math>      award 1/2  <math>9m + 35 \rightarrow 35/9</math>      award 1/2</p> <p>3. <math>10m + 35 - 5m = 5m + 35</math>    ✗✓ award 1/2</p>
5	b		<p><b>Ans: <math>6(4 - 3k)</math></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> identify highest common factor: 6 or <math>4 - 3k</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> factorise: <math>6(4 - 3k)</math></li> </ul>	2	<p>1. <math>2(12 - 9k), 3(8 - 6k)</math>      award 1/2    ✗✓</p>
6			<p><b>Ans: 18 minutes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> know how to find volume of tank: <math>90 \times 60 \times 50</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> know how to find volume in litres: <math>(90 \times 60 \times 50) \div 1000</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> know how to find time: <math>[(90 \times 60 \times 50) \div 1000] \div 15</math></li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> calculate <math>[(\text{volume}) \div 1000] \div 15 = 18</math></li> </ul>	4	<p>1. Correct answer with no working award 4/4</p> <p>2. Some common answers <b>(working must be shown)</b>  (a) <math>270000 \div 15 \div 60 = 300</math>     ✓ ✗ ✓ ✗      award 2/4  (b) <math>270000 \div 1000 \div 60 = 4.5</math>     ✓ ✓ ✗ ✗      award 2/4  (c) <math>[(90 + 60 + 50) \div 1000] \div 15 = 0.013</math>     ✗ ✓ ✓ ✓      award 3/4</p>



Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
7	a		<p><b>Ans: 3698</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> find 'Liberal' angle: 43</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> know how to find number of Liberal votes:  <math>\frac{43}{360} \times 30960</math>  <b>or</b>  <math>\frac{30960}{360} \times 43</math>  <b>or</b>  <math>43 \div (360 \div 30960)</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> find number of Liberal votes: 3698</li> </ul>	3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Correct answer without working award 3/3</li> <li>2. 27262 [<math>\frac{317}{360} \times 30960</math>] award 2/3 ✕✓✓ (no working necessary)</li> <li>3. A common answer (working must be shown) 43% of 30960 = 13312(·8), 13313 award 1/3 ✓✕✕</li> <li>4. Do not award third mark where premature rounding results in wrong answer eg  <math>\frac{43}{360} \times 30960 = 0.12 \times 30960 = 3715(·2)</math> award 2/3 ✓✓✕</li> </ol>
7	b		<p><b>Ans: In the by-election more voted SNP fewer voted Labour more voted Liberal</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> state any <b>one</b> of the above <b>differences</b></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> state <b>another one</b> of the above <b>differences</b></li> </ul>	2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Disregard invalid statements. eg SNP increased ✓ Labour decreased ✓ Liberal decreased ✕ award 2/2</li> <li>2. Disregard incorrect numerical references. eg SNP gained 70° Labour lost 90° award 2/2</li> <li>3. Some common answers (a) Labour lost votes to SNP award 2/2 (b) In 2005 Labour had much more than SNP, but in 2008 they were close to each other. award 1/2</li> </ol>

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
8			<p><b>Ans: £994.39 or £994.40</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> calculate <math>800 \times 1.33</math> correctly: 1064</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> know to calculate <math>1064 \div 1.07</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> divide correctly and round to nearest (appropriate) penny: 994.39 or 994.40</li> </ul>	3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Correct answer without working award 3/3</li> <li>2. The third mark is only available where the answer to the division has to be rounded or truncated to the nearest penny</li> <li>3. For £994.4      ✓✓✗      award 2/3</li> <li>4. Some common answers. (no working necessary) (a) 1064 leading to 747.66      award 1/3 (b) 747.66 (<math>800 \div 1.07</math>)      award 1/3 (c) 601.50 (<math>800 \div 1.33</math>)      award 1/3 (d) <math>(1064 - 856) \div 1.07 = 194.39</math> award 2/3 (e) <math>(800 \div 1.33) \times 1.07 = 643.61</math> or 643.60      award 2/3</li> <li>5. A common answer. <b>(working must be shown)</b> <math>994.39 - 800 = 194.39</math>      award 3/3</li> </ol>
9			<p><b>Ans: 7.5 m</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> correct form of Pythagoras Theorem: <math>4.5^2 + 2.4^2</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> calculate sum (or difference) of squares: 26.01</li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> calculate the square root of a calculated value: 5.1</li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> calculate height: <math>5.1 + 2.4 = 7.5</math></li> </ul>	4	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Correct answer without working award 4/4</li> <li>2. Some common answers (working must be shown) (a) <math>6.2(\dots)</math> [<math>\sqrt{(4.5^2 - 2.4^2)} + 2.4</math>]      ✗✓✓✓ award 3/4 (b) <math>3.8(\dots)</math> [<math>\sqrt{(4.5^2 - 2.4^2)}</math>]      ✗✓✓✗ award 2/4</li> <li>3. Example of alternative strategy involving trigonometry  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> <math>a^\circ = \tan^{-1}(2.4/4.5) = 28.07^\circ \dots\dots</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> <math>\cos 28.07^\circ \dots\dots = 4.5/x</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> <math>x = 4.5 / \cos 28.07^\circ \dots\dots = 5.1</math></li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> height = <math>5.1 + 2.4 = 7.5</math></li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Do not penalise inadvertent use of radians or grads if trigonometry is used</li> <li>5. Mark 4 can be awarded for adding 2.4 on to a <b>previously calculated</b> value</li> </ol>

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
10			<p><b>Ans: £35</b></p> <p>•<sup>1</sup>•<sup>2</sup> know how to calculate interest:  <math>\frac{7.5}{100} \times 1400 \times \frac{4}{12}</math>            (award 1 for <math>\frac{7.5}{100} \times 1400</math>            or <math>\frac{4}{12} \times \frac{7.5}{100}</math>            or <math>\frac{4}{12} \times 1400</math>)</p> <p>•<sup>3</sup> carry out percentage and fraction calculations correctly: 35</p>	3	<p>1. Correct answer without working award 3/3</p> <p>2. If answer is 1435 [1400 + 35] (no working necessary)            (a) award 3/3 if candidate <b>states</b> that interest is 35            (b) award 2/3 if candidate does <b>not state</b> that interest is 35</p> <p>3. Acceptable answers for partial credit (no working necessary)            (a) 105 [7.5% of 1400] award 1/3            (b) 2.5 [<math>\frac{4}{12} \times 7.5</math>] award 1/3            (c) 466.67 or 466.66 [<math>\frac{4}{12} \times 1400</math>] award 1/3            (d) 420 [<math>105 \times 4</math>] award 1/3</p> <p>4. The following common wrong answers illustrate where the 3<sup>rd</sup> mark is available to candidates, working must be shown.            (a) <math>1400 \times \frac{100}{7.5} \times \frac{4}{12} = 6222.22</math> × ✓✓            (note: answer must be rounded or truncated to nearest penny)            (b) <math>1400 \div 7.5 \times \frac{4}{12} = 62.22</math> × ✓ ×            (c) <math>1400 \times \frac{7.5}{100} \times \frac{12}{4} = 315</math> ✓ × ✓            (d) <math>1400 \times 0.75 \times \frac{12}{4} = 3150</math> × × ✓</p>

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
11			<p><b>Ans: 20</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> multiply correctly: <math>2 \times 0.45 = 0.9</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> divide correctly: <math>360 \div 0.9 = 400</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> find square root correctly:  <math>\sqrt{400} = 20</math></li> </ul>	3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Correct answer without working award 3/3</li> <li>2. Some common answers (no working necessary)               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) <math>\sqrt{(360/2 \times 0.45)} = 9</math> award 2/3 <math>\times \checkmark \checkmark</math></li> <li>(b) <math>\sqrt{360/0.9} = 21.081\dots</math> award 2/3 <math>\checkmark \checkmark \times</math></li> <li>(c) <math>\sqrt{360/2} \times 0.45 = 4.269\dots</math> award 1/3 <math>\times \checkmark \times</math></li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Some common answers where working must be shown               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) <math>\sqrt{(360 \times 2 \times 0.45)} = 18</math> award 2/3 <math>\checkmark \times \checkmark</math></li> <li>(b) <math>\sqrt{(360) \times 2 \times 0.45} = 17.076\dots</math> award 1/3 <math>\checkmark \times \times</math></li> <li>(c) <math>\sqrt{(360 \div 0.45^2)} = 42.16\dots</math> award 2/3 <math>\times \checkmark \checkmark</math></li> <li>(d) <math>\sqrt{(360) \div 0.45} = 42.16\dots</math> award 1/3 <math>\times \checkmark \times</math></li> <li>(e) <math>\sqrt{(360 \div 0.45)} = 28.28\dots</math> award 2/3 <math>\times \checkmark \checkmark</math></li> <li>(f) <math>\sqrt{(360 \div 2.45)} = 12.12\dots</math> award 2/3 <math>\times \checkmark \checkmark</math></li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Accept answer rounded or truncated to 1 or more decimal places</li> </ol>

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
12			<p><b>Ans: 6.9 m (or 7m)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> find base of triangle: <math>17 - 11 = 6</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> use correct tan ratio: <math>\tan 49^\circ = \frac{h}{6}</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> know how to solve equation: <math>h = 6 \times \tan 49^\circ</math></li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> carry out trig. calculation: <math>6.9(0....)</math></li> </ul>	4	<p>1. Correct answer without working award 3/4 <b>Be aware</b> <math>\tan 49 = \frac{h}{6}</math> <math>\tan^{-1}(6/49) = 6.9(8...)</math> ✓✓×✓</p> <p>2. Do not penalise inadvertent use of radians or grads -19(0...) (radians used) award 4/4 5(184...) (grads used) award 4/4</p> <p>3. Where an incorrect trig ratio is used, working should be followed through with the possibility of awarding 3/4. (a) <math>6 \times \cos 49^\circ = 3.9(36...)</math> award 3/4 ✓×✓✓ (b) <math>6 \times \sin 49^\circ = 4.5(28...)</math> award 3/4 ✓×✓✓</p> <p>4. In awarding the 4<sup>th</sup> mark, the trig. ratio should not be rounded to any less than 2 decimal places eg (a) <math>6 \times \tan 49^\circ = 6 \times 1.15 = 6.9</math> award 4/4 (b) <math>6 \times \tan 49^\circ = 6 \times 1.2 = 7.2</math> award 3/4 ✓✓✓×</p>

Question			Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
13			<p><b>Ans: 36% (See Note 1)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> find loss: 45</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> know to express loss as a fraction of 125: <math>\frac{45}{125}</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> know to multiply fraction by 100: <math>\frac{45}{125} \times 100</math></li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> carry out all calculations correctly: 36</li> </ul>	4	<p>1. Correct answer without working award 2/4</p> <p><b>Be aware <math>\frac{45}{100} \times 80 = 36</math> award 2/4 ✓××✓</b></p> <p><b>When the only working is 45 and 36 award 2/4 ✓××✓</b></p> <p>2. 4<sup>th</sup> mark is only available for calculations of the form <math>\frac{a}{b} \times c</math> where a,b,c = calculated loss or 125 or 80 or 100.</p> <p>3. Some common answers (working must be shown)</p> <p>(a) (i) <math>56(.25) [\frac{45}{80} \times 100]</math> award 3/4 ✓××✓</p> <p>(ii) <math>56(.25) [\frac{45}{100} \times 125]</math> award 2/4 ✓××✓</p> <p><b>When the only working is 45 and 56(.25) award 2/4 ✓××✓</b></p> <p>(b) <math>64 [\frac{80}{125} \times 100]</math> award 3/4 ×✓✓✓</p> <p>(c) <math>178, 177(.7...) [\frac{80}{45} \times 100]</math> award 3/4 ✓×✓✓</p> <p>(d) <math>156(.25) [\frac{125}{80} \times 100]</math> award 2/4 ××✓✓</p> <p>(e) <math>100 [\frac{80}{100} \times 125 \text{ or } \frac{125}{100} \times 80]</math> award 1/4 ×××✓</p>

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
14		<p><b>Ans: 5.2 cm<sup>2</sup></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> know to calculate area of semi-circle: <math>\frac{1}{2} \pi r^2</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> substitute correct radius into formula: <math>\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4^2</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> know to add area of triangle to area of semi-circle: <math>\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 1.5</math></li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> carry out all calculations correctly: <math>3.07... + 2.1 = 5.17...</math> (must include a circle calculation <b>followed by</b> an addition)</li> <li>•<sup>5</sup> round to one decimal place: 5.2</li> </ul>	5	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Correct answer without working award 0/5</li> <li><b>Some</b> common answers (working must be shown) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 8.3 [<math>\pi \times 1.4^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 1.5</math>] award 4/5 <math>\times \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark</math></li> <li>(b) 7.3 [<math>\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4^2 + 2.8 \times 1.5</math>] award 4/5 <math>\checkmark \checkmark \times \checkmark \checkmark</math></li> <li>(c) 14.4 [<math>\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 2.8^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 1.5</math>] award 4/5 <math>\checkmark \times \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark</math></li> <li>(d) 6.5 [<math>\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 2.8 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 1.5</math>] award 4/5 <math>\times \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark</math></li> <li>(e) 4.3 [<math>\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 1.5</math>] award 3/5 <math>\times \times \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark</math></li> <li>(f) 3.1 [<math>\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4^2</math>] award 3/5 <math>\checkmark \checkmark \times \times \checkmark</math></li> <li>(g) 6.2 [<math>\pi \times 1.4^2</math>] award 2/5 <math>\times \checkmark \times \times \checkmark</math></li> <li>(h) 4.4 [<math>\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 2.8</math>] award 2/5 <math>\times \checkmark \times \times \checkmark</math></li> <li>(i) 8.8 [<math>\pi \times 2.8</math>] award 2/5 <math>\times \checkmark \times \times \checkmark</math></li> <li>(j) 2.2 [<math>\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4</math>] award 1/5 <math>\times \times \times \times \checkmark</math></li> </ul> </li> <li> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 5<sup>th</sup> mark is only available where the final answer or answer to circle calculation requires rounding.</li> <li>(b) Where premature rounding leads to incorrect answer, a maximum of 4/5 is available eg triangle = <math>(\frac{1}{2} \times 1.4 \times 1.5) \times 2</math> = <math>1.05 \times 2</math> = <math>1.1 \times 2</math> total area = <math>2.2 + 3.1 = 5.3</math></li> </ul> </li> </ol>

<b>TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 2</b> <b>50</b>
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<b>TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 1 &amp; 2</b> <b>80</b>
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[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]