

2009 Mathematics

Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 1

Finalised Marking Instructions

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Part One: General Marking Principles for Mathematics Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 1

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

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- **2.** Marking should always be positive, i.e. marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.
- **3.** Award one mark for each 'bullet' point shown in the Marking Instructions.
- 4. Working subsequent to an error must be followed through with the possibility of awarding all remaining marks for the subsequent working, provided the question has not been simplified as a result of the error. In particular, the answer to one part of a question, even if incorrect, must be accepted as a basis for subsequent dependent parts of the question. Full marks in the dependent part(s) may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified.
- 5. Solutions which seem unlikely to include anything of relevance must nevertheless be followed through. Candidates still have the opportunity of gaining one mark or more provided the solution satisfies the criteria for the marks.
- **6.** The following should not be penalised:
 - working subsequent to a correct answer (unless it provides firm evidence that the requirements of the question have not been met)
 - omission or misuse of units (unless marks have been specifically allocated for the purpose in the Marking Instructions)
 - bad form, eg sin $x^{\circ} = 0.5 = 30^{\circ}$
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- Where a solution has been scored out and not replaced, then provided the solution is legible, marks should be awarded in line with the Marking Instructions for that question.
- **14.** Where more than one solution is given, mark them all and award the least mark.
- 15. The symbols \checkmark and \times are used in the Marking Instructions to give guidance regarding the awarding of marks for specific candidate responses to some questions, eg 'award $2/4 \checkmark \times \times \checkmark$ ' indicates that the 1st & 4th marks should be awarded but the 2nd & 3rd marks should not.

Part Two: Mathematics Intermediate 1: Paper 1, Units 1, 2 and 3

Qu	estion	Expe	Expected Answer/s		Additional Guidance
1	a	Ans:	33.05 calculate 28.7 + 4.35: 33.05	1	
1	b	Ans:	0·27 calculate 1·89 ÷ 7: 0·27	1	
1	c	Ans: •¹ •²	26 correct method: $6\times4+6\times1/_3$ calculate $6\times4^1/_3$: 26	2	 Correct answer without working award 2/2 Alternative strategy •¹ 6 × ¹³/₃ •² 78/₃ Answers acceptable for full or partial credit (no working necessary) (a) ⁷⁸/₃ award 2/2 (b) 24⁶/₃ award 1/2 ✓× Answer acceptable for partial credit (working must be shown) 6 × 4·33() = 25·98 award 1/2 ✓× (b) 24⁶/₁8 with no working award 0/2 Do not accept (a) 6 × 4·3 = 25·8 award 0/2 (b) 78 award 0/2

Qu	estion	Expected Answer/s		Max Mark	Additional Guidance	
2		Ans: •¹ •²	£1248 know to multiply 4.99 by 200 and then add 250: $4.99 \times 200 + 250$ multiply and add correctly: 1248	2	 Correct answer without working award 2/2 Answers acceptable for partial credit (no working necessary) (a) 998 [4·99 × 200] award 1/2 (b) 2245·5(0) [(250 + 200) × 4·99] award 1/2 x√ 250 + (200 × 4·99) alone is insufficient evidence for awarding the 1st mark. 	
3	a	Ans:	-4 calculate 9 + (−13): −4	1	evidence for awarding the 1 mark.	
3	b	Ans:	7 calculate -56 ÷ (-8): 7	1	1. Accept $56 \div 8 = 7$	
4		Ans: •¹ •² •³	£275 calculate deposit: 25% of $260 = 65$ calculate instalments: $15 \times 14 = 210$ calculate total HP price: $65 + 210 = 275$	3	 Correct answer without working award 3/3 The 3rd mark is only available for correctly adding calculated deposit to calculated instalments eg (a) 65 + (14×10×5) = 65 + 700 = 765 award 2/3 xxx (b) 65 + 14 = 79 award 1/3 xxx 	

Qu	estion	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance	
5	a	Ans:	2		
5	b	Ans: straight line graph of y = 5-x • 1 correctly plot all three points from the table • 2 draw straight line through the four points shown in the table (but see note 2)	2	 If the line y = 5 - x is drawn (even if this is not consistent with the points in the table) award 2/2 [minimum acceptable line: must extend to (-1,6) and (6,-1)] Where the four points in the table satisfy y = x - 1, the points are plotted and a line is drawn through them, award 1/2 Where the four points plotted are consistent with the table and are not collinear, the 2nd mark is unavailable Where a line other than y = 5 - x is drawn and (y,x) is consistently plotted, answer should be followed through with the possibility of awarding the 2nd mark 	
6		Ans: 2.8 • 1 know that PTR means $70 \times 0.5 \times 8$ • 2 know that PTR/100 means PTR ÷ 100: $(70 \times 0.5 \times 8) \div 10$ • 3 multiply and divide correctly: $280 \div 100 = 2.8(0)$	3	 Correct answer without working award 3/3 (70+0·5+8) ÷100 = 78·5 ÷100 = 0·785 [no working necessary] award 1/3 ×√x Acceptable evidence for award of 2nd mark eg 280 = 28, 0·28 award 2/3 √√x 100 	

Qu	estion	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
7	a b	Ans: 7 •¹ find mode: 7 Ans: 6 •¹ find range: 6	1	
7	c	Ans: 7.5 • 1 complete table: $ 36 40 11 300 $ • 2 know to divide Σfx by 40: $300 \div 40$ • 3 divide Σfx correctly: $300 \div 40 = 7.5$	3	 Award of 1st mark: 36, 40, 11 and 300 need not appear in table but must be shown in working With evidence evidence for 1st mark for 1st mark 3/3 ✓ ✓ 2/3 × ✓ 2nd mark may only be awarded for attempting ∑fx ÷ 40 3rd mark may only be awarded where answer to division of ∑fx is given to one or more decimal places (accept rounding or truncation). Do not award 3rd mark where working is eased. With evidence for 1st mark for 1st mark 300 ÷ 7 = 42·9 2/3 ✓ × ✓ 1/3 × × ✓ or 42·8 300 ÷ 6 = 50 1/3 ✓ × ✓ 0/3 × × ×

Question	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
Question 8	Expected Answer/s Ans: $x = 7$ • 1 start to collect like terms: $5x$ or 35 • 2 collect like terms and equate: $5x = 35$ • 3 solve equation for x : $x = 7$		 For answers without valid working eg 5x + 11 = 46 → 35 ÷ 5 → x = 7 award 2/3 ✓×✓ x = 7 without working award 1/3 ××✓ 35 ÷ 5 = 7 award 1/3 ✓×× 4 × 7 + 11 = 46 - 7 → x = 7 award 1/3 ××✓ For the award of the 3rd mark an answer of the form 'x =' is required.
			3. Answers acceptable for partial credit (valid working must be shown) (i) $5x = 35 \rightarrow 7$ $\checkmark \checkmark \times$ (ii) $5x = 57 \rightarrow x = 11.4$ $\checkmark \times \checkmark$ (iii) $3x = 35 \rightarrow x = 11.7$ or 11.6 $\checkmark \times \checkmark$ (disregard incorrect rounding) (iv) $5x = 57 \rightarrow x = 11r2$ $\checkmark \times \times$ (v) $3x = 35 \rightarrow x = 11r2$ $\checkmark \times \times$ (vi) $3x = 35 \rightarrow x = 11r2$ $\checkmark \times \times$ (vi) $3x = 57 \rightarrow x = 19$ $\times \times \checkmark$ award $1/3$

Qu	estio	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
9	a	Ans: -7 • 1 find correct number of points: $4 \times 2 - 15 = -7$	1	
9	b	Ans: Correct answer answer answer +2 points 0 points -1 point	3	1. Assume blank cell = 0.

TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 1

30



2009 Mathematics

Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 2

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Part Two: Mathematics Intermediate 1: Paper 2, Units 1, 2 and 3

Qu	estion	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
1		Ans: 225g •¹ correct strategy: 60 ÷ 8 × 30 •² correctly divide then multiply: 225	2	 Correct answer without working award 2/2 60 ÷ 8 = 7.5 (no working necessary) award 1/2 (a) 30 ÷ 8 = 3.75 → 4 × 60 = 240 (working must be shown) award 1/2 ×√ (b) 4 × 60 = 240 award 0/2
2		Ans: $m < 39$ •¹ collect constants: $2m < 78$ •² solve inequality for m: $m < 39$	2	 For answers without valid working award 1/2 eg m < 39 without working x√ 2 × 39 - 3 < 75 → m < 39 x√ Answers acceptable for partial credit (valid working must be shown) 2m < 78 → < 39 2m = 78 → m = 39 or 2m = 78 → m = 39 2m = 78 → m = 39 3m = 39 2m = 78 → m = 39 3m = 30 3m = 30
3	a	Ans: 10 200 000 • write 1.02×10^7 in full: $10\ 200\ 000$	1	1. Do not accept 1.02000000
3	b	Ans: 9 450 000 •¹ interpret ¾ million: 750 000 •² subtract correctly: 10 200 000 - 750 000 = 9 450 000	2	1. Alternative method • 1 7.5×10^{5} • 2 $1.02 \times 10^{7} - 7.5 \times 10^{5} = 9.45 \times 10^{6}$

Que	estion	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
4	a	1 9 2 3789 3 234788 4 145 5 0	3	Accept (a) use of commas as bad form
		 all leaves on correct level: leaves ordered correctly: 		(b) 0 and/or 6 in stem(c) stem in descending order(d) no line drawn between stem and leaves
4	b	Ans: 34	1	
		•¹ find median: 34		1. Accept 34 irrespective of answer to (a).
				2. If stem and leaf diagram in (a) is ordered but has missing or additional leaves then accept median found from this diagram.
4	c	Ans: $\frac{4}{15}$	1	
		• find probability: $\frac{4}{15}$		1. Accept 4:15, 4 out of 15, 4 in 15, 4-15, 0·26(), 0·27, 26·6()%, 27%
				If stem and leaf diagram has missing or additional leaves then accept probability found from this diagram.

Que	stion	Expected A	Expected Answer/s		Additional Guidance	
5		Ans: 8.05	am	Mark 4		
		•¹ know 3220 ÷	how to find journey time: - 560		Correct answer without working award 4/4	
		• find jo • know 9.20(p	how to find arrival time: m) + 5h45m + 5h rival time: 8.05(am)		 Minimum requirement for 4th mark: correctly adding a time involving hours and minutes to 9·20 Some common answers (no working necessary) (a) 8·05pm or 2005 award 3/4 ✓ ✓ × (b) 9·20 + 5·45 - 5 = 10·05(pm) or 2205 award 3/4 ✓ ✓ × (c) 3220 ÷ 560 = 5·75 award 1/4 ✓ × × (d) 5·45(am/pm) award 2/4 ✓ ✓ × (e) 5·45 + 5 = 10·45 award 2/4 ✓ ✓ × (f) 9·20 + 5 = 2·20 award 0/4 (g) 9·20 + 5·45 = 3·05(am) or 0305 award 3/4 ✓ ✓ × (h) 3·05pm or 1505 award 2/4 ✓ ✓ × 	

Qu	estion	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
6	a	Ans: 4t + 29 • 1 multiply out one bracket: 6t + 15 or 14 - 2t • 2 multiply out both brackets and know to add: 6t + 15 + 14 - 2t • 3 collect like terms: 4t + 29	3	 Correct answer without working award 3/3 Some common answers (a) (i) 8t + 29 award 2/3 (ii) 6t + 15 14 - 2t → 8t + 29 award 2/3 √× (b) (i) 6t + 15 14 - 2t award 1/3 √×× (ii) 6t + 15 = 14 - 2t award 1/3 √×× (c) 3rd mark is not available if there is invalid subsequent working eg 4t + 29 → 33t award 2/3 4t + 29 → t = 29/4 award 2/3
6	b	Ans: 4(3p-5) • identify common factor: 4 or 3p-5 • factorise: 4(3p-5)	2	1. 2(6p − 10) award 1/2 ×√
7		 Ans: 24 •¹ know how to find volume: 15 × 10 × 20 •² know how to find number of glasses: (15 × 10 × 20) ÷ 125 •³ carry out calculations correctly: 24 	3	 Correct answer without working award 3/3 Some common answers (no working necessary) 3000 [15 × 10 × 20] award 1/3 ✓××

Qu	estior	Expe	Expected Answer/s		Additional Guidance
8	a	Ans: •¹ •²	convert £1300 into euros: $1300 \times 1.26 = 1638$ round to nearest appropriate 10: 1630	2	 Correct answer without working award 2/2 1030 [1300÷1·26 = 1031·74 → 1030] award 1/2 ×√ (no working necessary)
8	b	Ans: •¹ •²	know how to convert answer to (a) into sterling: 1630 ÷ 1·26 convert answer to (a) into sterling rounded to nearest appropriate penny: 1293·65	2	 Correct answer without working award 2/2 Alternative method: (working must be shown) (i) 1300 - (8 ÷1·26) = 1293·65 award 2/2 (ii) 8 ÷1·26 = 6·35 award 1/2 If (a) = 1640 then for (b) = 1301·58 or 1301·59 award 2/2 (no working necessary) If (a) = 1030 then for (b) = (i) 817·46 [1030 ÷ 1·26] (no working necessary) award 2/2 (ii) 1297·80 [1030 × 1·26] (no working necessary) award 1/2 ✓× [2nd mark is only available where answer has to be rounded or truncated to the nearest penny] Some common answers (no working necessary) 1294, 1293·7(0), 1293·6(0) award 1/2 ✓×

Ques	tion	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance	
9 8		Ans: 85 •¹ find angle at centre of "cycle" sector: 34 •² know how to find number of pupils who cycled: 34 ÷ 360 × 900 or 900 ÷ 360 × 34 or 34 ÷ (360 ÷ 900) •³ find number of pupils who cycled: 85	3	 Correct answer without working award 3/3 815 [car + bus + walk = 326÷360 ×900] award 2/3 ×√√ (no working necessary) Some common answers (working must be shown) (a) 34% of 900 = 306 award 1/3 (b) 34 ÷ 360 = 0·094 award 2/3 (c) 34 ÷ 360 = 0·09 award 1/3 (d) 900 ÷ 360 = 2·5 award 1/3 (e) 360 ÷ 900 × 34 = 13·6, 14 or 13 award 2/3 (f) 360 ÷ 900 = 0·4 award 0/3 	
9	b	Ans: After the campaignmore walkedmore cycledfewer travelled by carfewer travelled by bus • state any one of the above: • state another one of the above:	2	 Answer must imply comparison of both pie charts (a) increase, decrease, now, before, etc. ⇒ comparison eg award 2/2 for (i) now more walk and cycle (ii) more travelled by car or bus before (b) most, more, less ⇒ only one pie chart may have been considered eg award 0/2 for (i) more walk and cycle (ii) less travelled by car or bus 2. Disregard invalid statements 	

Question	Expe	cted Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
10	Ans: •¹ •² •³	use correct cosine ratio: $\cos x^{\circ} = {}^{6}/{}_{7}$ correct use of \cos^{-1} : $\cos^{-1}({}^{6}/{}_{7})$ carry out inverse trigonometric calculation: 31 find shaded angle: 62	4	 Some answers without working (a) 62 award 4/4 (b) 31 award 3/4 √√√x Do not penalise inadvertent use of radians or grads 1(·08) (radians used) award 4/4 69, 68·8(9), 68.9 (grads used) award 4/4 Award of 2nd mark (a) Accept cos⁻¹0·857, cos⁻¹0·86, cos⁻¹0·85 (b) Do not accept cos⁻¹0·9, cos⁻¹0·8 Where an incorrect trig ratio is used, working should be followed through with the possibility of awarding 3/4. [Do not penalise premature rounding or truncation except in cases like 3(b) above] (a) sin⁻¹(⁶/₇) = 59 × 2 = 118 award 3/4 × √ √ √ (b) tan⁻¹(⁶/₇) = 40·6 × 2 = 81·2 award 3/4 × √ √ √ (c) tan⁻¹(⁷/₆) = 49·4 × 2 = 98·8 award 3/4 × √ √ √ (d) cos⁻¹(⁷/₆) award 1/4 × √ × × 4th mark only available for correctly doubling the answer to a trigonometric calculation.

Question	Expected Answer/s	Max Additional Guidance Mark
11	•¹ find increase: 700 •² know to express increase as a fraction of 17500: •³ know to multiply fraction by 100: •³ carry out all calculations correctly: 4	1. Correct answer without working award 3/4 2. 4th mark is only available for calculation of the form ${}^{a}/_{b} \times 100$ or ${}^{a}/_{100} \times 100$ where a,b = calculated increase or 175 or 18200 3. Some common answers (working must shown) (a) 4, 3·8() $[{}^{700}/_{18200} \times 100]$ award 3/4 $\times \times \times$

Question	Expe	cted Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
12	Ans: •¹ •² •³ •4	correct form of Pythagoras Theorem: $85^2 - 40^2$ calculate difference (or sum) of squares: 5625 calculate square root of difference (or sum) of squares: 75 find gap: $75 - \frac{1}{2}$ of $110 = 20$	4	 Some common answers (no working necessary) (a) 20 award 4/4 (b) 75 award 3/4 ✓✓✓ Some common answers (working must be shown) [Do not penalise premature rounding or truncation] (a) 39, 38(·9) [√(85² + 40²) - 55] award 3/4 ×✓✓ (b) 94, 93·(9) [√(85² + 40²)] award 2/4 ×✓✓× (c) 20925 [85² + 40² + 110²] award 1/4 ×✓×× 4th mark only available for correctly subtracting 55 from previously calculated value (working must be shown) eg 85 + 40 - 55 = 70 award 1/4 ×××✓ Award of first 2 marks if trigonometry is used: 1 cos(sin⁻¹(⁴⁰/85)) = ^x/85 2 x = 85 × cos(sin⁻¹(⁴⁰/85)) OR 1 tan(sin⁻¹(⁴⁰/85)) = ^x/85 2 x = 40 ÷ tan(sin⁻¹(⁴⁰/85)) OR 1 sin(cos⁻¹(⁴⁰/85)) = ^x/85 2 x = 85 × sin(cos⁻¹(⁴⁰/85)) OR 1 tan(cos⁻¹(⁴⁰/85)) = ^x/40 2 x = 40 × tan(cos⁻¹(⁴⁰/85))

Question	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
13	 Ans: 12.4 m² •¹ know to calculate area of semicircle: ½ πr² •² substitute correct radius into formula: ½ × π × 3² •³ know to subtract area of rectangle from area of semi-circle: ½ × π × 3² – 0.8 × 2.2 •⁴ carry out all calculations correctly: 12.37(7) (must include a circle calculation involving either squaring or halving followed by subtraction or addition) •⁵ round to one decimal place: 12.4 	5 S	 Correct answer without working award 0/5 Some common answers (working must be shown) (a)(i) 7·7 [(½πr²) = ½×π×3² – 0·8×2·2 = ½×π×6 – 0·8×2·2] award 4/5 √√√× (ii) 7·7 [(½πd) = ½×π×6 – 0·8×2·2] award 4/5 ×√√√ (b) 14·1 [½×π×3²] award 3/5 √√××√ (c) 15·9 [½×π×3² + 0·8×2·2] award 4/5 √√×√ (d)(i) 17·1 [(πr²) = π×3² – 0·8×2·2 = π×6 – 0·8×2·2] award 3/5 ×√√×√ (ii) 17·1 [(πd) = π×6 – 0·8×2·2] award 3/5 ×√√√√ (e) (i) 26·5 [π×3² – 0·8×2·2] award 3/5 ×√√√√ (ii) 26·5 [3·14×3² – 0·8×2·2] award 3/5 ×√√√√ (f) 28·3 [π×3²] award 3/5 ×√√√√ (g) 54·8 [½×π×6² – 0·8×2·2] award 4/5 √×√√√ (h) 56·5 [½×π×6²] award 2/5 √××√ (i) 113·0 [3·14×6²] award 1/5 ×××√ 3. (a) 5th mark is only available where the candidate is required to round final answer to one decimal place. (b) Versions of the above answers which are not rounded, incorrectly rounded or not requiring to be rounded should not be awarded the 5th mark.

TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 2 50

TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 1 & 2 80

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]