## 2005 Mathematics

## Intermediate 1 - Units 1, 2 and 3

## Finalised Marking Instructions

These Marking Instructions have been prepared by Examination Teams for use by SQA Appointed Markers when marking External Course Assessments.

## 2005 Mathematics

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## General Marking Principles

These principles describe the approach to be taken when marking Intermediate 1 Mathematics papers. For more detailed guidance please refer to the notes which are included with the Marking Instructions.

1. Marks must be assigned in accordance with the Marking Instructions. The main principle in marking scripts is to give credit for the skills demonstrated and the criteria met. Failure to have the correct method may not preclude a candidate gaining credit for the calculations involved or for the communication of the answer.
2. The answer to one part of a question, even if incorrect, must be accepted as a basis for subsequent dependent parts of the question. Full marks in the dependent part(s) may be awarded provided the question is not simplified.
3. The following should not be penalised:

- working subsequent to a correct answer (unless it provides firm evidence that the requirements of the question have not been met)
- omission or misuse of units (unless marks have been specifically allocated for the purpose in the marking scheme)
- bad form, eg $\sin \mathrm{x}^{\circ}=0.5=30^{\circ}$
- legitimate variation in numerical values/algebraic expressions.

4. Solutions which seem unlikely to include anything of relevance must nevertheless be followed through. Candidates still have the opportunity of gaining one mark or more provided the solution satisfies the criteria for the mark(s).
5. Full credit should only be given where the solution contains appropriate working. Where the correct answer may be obtained by inspection or mentally, credit may be given, but reference to this will be made in the Marking Instructions.
6. In general markers will only be able to give credit for answers if working is shown. A wrong answer without working receives no credit unless specifically mentioned in the Marking Instructions. The rubric on the outside of the question papers emphasises that working must be shown.
7. Sometimes the method to be used in a particular question is explicitly stated; no credit should be given where a candidate obtains the correct answer by an alternative method.
8. Where the method to be used in a particular question is not explicitly stated, full credit must be given for alternative methods which produce the correct answer.
9. Do not penalise the same error twice in the same question.
10. Do not penalise a transcription error unless the question has been simplified as a result.
11. Do not penalise the inadvertent use of radians in trigonometry questions, provided their use is consistent within the question.

## Practical Details

The Marking Instructions should be regarded as a working document and have been developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' responses to a particular paper. While the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details can change depending on the content of a particular examination paper in a given year.

1. Each mark awarded in a question is referenced to one criterion in the marking scheme by means of a bullet point.
2. Where a candidate has scored zero marks for any question attempted, " 0 " should be shown against the answer in the place in the margin.
3. Where a marker wishes to indicate how $\mathrm{s} / \mathrm{he}$ has awarded full marks, the following should be used:
(a) Correct working should be ticked, $\checkmark$.
(b) Where working subsequent to an error is followed through, if otherwise correct and can be awarded marks, it should be marked with a crossed tick, $\downarrow$.
(c) Each error should be underlined at the point in the working where it first occurs.
4. Do not write any comments, words or acronyms on the scripts.

Mathematics - Intermediate 1: Paper 1, Units 1, 2 and 3 (non-calc)

| Question No | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each • | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) | Ans: 3.87 <br> - ${ }^{1}$ process: calculate $6 \cdot 17-2 \cdot 3$ | $\bullet 3.87$ 1 mark |
| (b) | Ans: £900 <br> - ${ }^{1}$ process: calculate $75 \%$ of 1200 | $\bullet{ }^{1} 900$ 1 mark |
| 2 | Ans: 8.50am <br> - process: subtract 4 h 30 m from 1.20 pm | $\bullet 8.50$ - 1 mark |
| NOTES: <br> 1 Accept $8.50 \mathrm{pm}, 8 \mathrm{~h} 50 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |  |
| 3 | Ans: 120 <br> - ${ }^{1}$ strategy: know to divide 360 by 6 and then subtract from 180 <br> -2 process: evaluate formula | 120 <br> (award 1 for correct method or $360 \div 6=60$ ) <br> 2 marks |
| NOTES: |  |  |
| 1 | $\frac{\text { Final Answer }}{120}$ with working <br> $-30[(180-360) \div 6]$ $1 / 2$ <br> $30[(360-180) \div 6]$ $0 / 2$ | without working <br> $0 / 2$ <br> $0 / 2$ <br> $0 / 2$ |



| Question <br> No | Marking Scheme <br> Give $\mathbf{1}$ mark for each $\bullet$ | Illustrations of evidence for awarding <br> a mark at each $\bullet$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | Ans: $\boldsymbol{a}=\mathbf{9}$ |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | $\bullet$ •1 process: collect terms in $a$ | $\bullet^{1} 5 a$ |
|  | $\bullet^{2}$ process: collect constants | $\bullet^{2} 45$ |
|  | $\bullet^{3}$ process: solve equation for $a$ | $\bullet^{3} a=9$ |

## NOTES:

1 For answers without valid working award $0 / 3$
eg (i) $a=9$ without working
(ii) $11 \times 9-8=37+6 \times 9 \rightarrow a=9$

2 For the award of the 3rd mark an answer of the form $a=$ is required
3 Answers acceptable for partial credit (valid working must be shown)
(i) $5 a=45 \rightarrow 9$
(ii) $5 a=29 \rightarrow a=5 \cdot 8$ award $2 / 3$
(iii) $17 a=45 \rightarrow a=2 \cdot 6 \ldots$.
(iv) $17 a=29 \rightarrow a=1.7 \ldots . . \quad$ award $1 / 3$
(Disregard incorrect rounding)

| Question No | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each • |  |  |  |  |  | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each e |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Ans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Digital Camera £95 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Scanner } \\ £ 75 \end{gathered}$ | Printer <br> £70 | Cordless Keyboard $£ 45$ | Pair of Speakers £40 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Talue } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | 170 |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | 165 |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | 180 |  |
|  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | 190 |  |
|  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | 160 |  |
|  |  | pret: <br> egy: <br> egy: | interpr find so find all | t informa <br> me possibi <br> possibiliti | tion <br> ilities <br> ies |  | - ${ }^{1}$ one correct combination <br> - ${ }^{2}$ two more correct combinations <br> -3 final two correct combinations |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 marks |
| NOTES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Allow one addition error or omission in total value column |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Question } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ No | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each • | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (a) | Ans: 9, 5, -3 <br> - process: calculate $y$ <br> $\bullet$ process: complete table | - ${ }^{1} \quad 9$ or -3 <br> - ${ }^{2}$ 9, 5 and -3 $2 \text { marks }$ |
| (b) | Ans: Straight line graph of $y=-2 x+5$ <br> - communicate: prepare to draw line <br> $\bullet^{2}$ communicate: draw the line $y=-2 x+5$ | - ${ }^{1} \quad$ all three points from table plotted correctly <br> - ${ }^{2}$ draw straight line through the three points (see note 2 ) |
| NOTES: |  |  |
| If the line $y=-2 x+5$ is drawn award $2 / 2$ |  |  |
| Where the three points plotted are consistent with table and are not collinear, the second mark is unavailable. |  |  |



| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Question } \\ \text { No } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each • | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each • |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 (a) | Ans: 0.007 <br> - ${ }^{1}$ process: convert $\frac{7}{1000}$ to a decimal | $\bullet^{10.007} 1$ mark |
| (b) | Ans: $\mathbf{7 \cdot 1 \times 1 0 ^ { - 4 }}, \frac{\mathbf{7}}{1000}, \mathbf{0} \cdot 069$ <br> $\bullet^{1} \bullet^{2} \quad$ strategy/process: write $7.1 \times 10^{-4}$ in full <br> - process: arrange numbers in ascending order | 0.00071 <br> (award 1 for $7.1 \times 0.0001$ <br> or $71000\left[7 \cdot 1 \times 10^{4}\right]$ ) <br> $\bullet \quad 7 \cdot 1 \times 10^{-4}, \frac{7}{1000}, 0 \cdot 069$ <br> 3 marks |
| NOTES: |  |  |
| Correct answer without working award 1/3 |  |  |



## TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 1

## 2005 Mathematics

## Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 and 3 Paper 2

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Mathematics - Intermediate 1: Paper 2, Units 1, 2 and 3

| Question No | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each • | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Ans: $166000 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ strategy/process: find volume of cube <br> - ${ }^{2}$ process: <br> round to nearest thousand | - ${ }^{1} \quad 55 \times 55 \times 55=166375$ <br> - ${ }^{2} \quad 166000$ <br> 2 marks |
| NOTES: |  |  |
| Correct answer with or without working |  | award $2 / 2$ |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ mark only available for rounding a number greater than 10000 |  |  |
| $170000,166400,166380,166370$ (incorrect rounding) no working necessary |  | no working <br> award 1/2 |
| $55 \times 55 \times 55=166375=\sqrt{166375}=408$ or $407 \cdot \ldots$ |  | award 0/2 |


| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Question } \\ \text { No } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each • | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Ans: $£ 2410$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ strategy: correct method <br> - ${ }^{2}$ process: carry out calculations correctly | 2410 <br> (award 1 for correct method or see note 3 ) <br> 2 marks |
| NOTES: |  |  |
| Correct answer with or without working |  | rd $2 / 2$ |
| 2 Correct method " $\frac{3}{100} \times 72000+250$ " or equivalent |  |  |
| Do not accept " $3 \%$ of $72000+250$ " alone as evidence of correct method |  |  |
| 3 Answ No w <br> (a) | Answers acceptable for the award of 1 mark. No working necessary |  |
|  | $3 \%$ calculated correctly but 72000 and 250 us (i) $2160 \quad[3 \%$ of 72000$]$ | ncorrectly or omitted |
|  | (ii) $257 \cdot 5(0) \quad[250+3 \%$ of 250$]$ |  |
|  | (iii) $2167 \cdot 5(0) \quad[3 \%$ of $(250+72000)]$ |  |
|  | (iv) $72007 \cdot 5(0)$ [72 $000+3 \%$ of 250] |  |
|  | (v) $74160 \quad[72000+3 \%$ of 72000$]$ |  |

(b) Incorrect percentage calculation in otherwise correct method
(i) $21850 \quad[250+0.3 \times 72000]$
(ii) 466
[ $250+0.003 \times 72000]$
(iii) $271 \cdot 6(0)$
[250 $+0.0003 \times 72000$ ]
(iv) Working must be shown where any percentage other than those shown above is used
eg $250+1 \%$ of $72000=970$


| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Question } \\ \text { No } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each • | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Ans: $t>8$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ process: collect constants <br> $\bullet^{2} \quad$ process: $\quad$ solve inequality for $t$ | - ${ }^{1} \quad 3 t>24$ <br> - ${ }^{2} \quad t>8$ <br> 2 marks |
| NOTES: |  |  |
| 1 For eg | nswers without valid working <br> (i) $t>8$ without working <br> (ii) $3 \times 8+4>28 \rightarrow t>8$ | $/ 2$ |
| 2 Answers acceptable for partial credit (valid working must be shown) <br> $\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { (i) } & 3 t>24 \rightarrow>8 \\ \text { (ii) } 3 t>24 \rightarrow t=8 \text { or } 3 t=24 \rightarrow t=8 \\ \text { (iii) } 3 t>32 \rightarrow t>10.6 \ldots . \text {. (disregard incorrect rounding) }\end{array}\right\}$ award $1 / 2$ |  |  |


| Question No | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each • | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 (a) | Ans: 41 years <br> - 1 interpret: extract dates from stem and leaf diagram | $\bullet^{1} 41$ |
| (b) | Ans: 22 years <br> - ${ }^{1}$ strategy: know to select highest and lowest values <br> - ${ }^{2}$ process: calculate range | - 141,19 $\bullet^{2} \quad 41-19=22$ <br> 2 marks |
| (c) | Ans: eg Kestrels are older <br> - ${ }^{1}$ interpret/communicate: interpret stem and leaf diagram and make valid comparison | - ${ }^{1}$ any indication that Kestrels are older <br> 1 mark |
| NOTES: |  |  |
| 1 Where candidate comments on individual levels, at least two levels must be compared eg Falcon's have more players in their 20's award 0/1 <br> Falcon's have more 20+ players but Kestrels have more $30+$ players |  |  |





| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Question } \\ \text { No } \end{gathered}$ | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each - | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each • |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | Ans: 490 | - ${ }^{1} \quad 140$ <br> - $2 \quad \frac{140}{360} \times 1260$ <br> - ${ }^{3} 490$ <br> 3 marks |
| NOTES: |  |  |
| Correct answer without working award 3/3 |  |  |
| Do not penalise premature rounding or truncation$\text { eg } \left.\begin{array}{rl} \frac{140}{360}=0.388 \ldots & \rightarrow 0.4 \times 1260=504 \\ & \rightarrow 0.38 \times 1260=478 \end{array}\right\} \text { working must be shown } \quad \text { award 3/ }$ |  |  |


| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Question } \\ \text { No } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each • | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each • |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | Ans: 18.6 cm <br> - ${ }^{1}$ strategy: know how to use tan ratio <br> - ${ }^{2}$ process: know how to solve equation <br> - process: carry out trigonometric calculation <br> - 4 process: round to one decimal place | - $\quad \tan 53^{\circ}=\frac{w}{14}$ <br> - ${ }^{2} \quad w=14 \tan 53^{\circ}$ <br> - ${ }^{3} \quad 18 \cdot 57 \ldots .$. <br> - ${ }^{4} \quad 18.6$ <br> 4 marks |
| NOTES: |  |  |
| 1 Correct answer without working award 3/4 |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{lr} 2 & -6 \cdot 0 \\ & 15 \cdot 4 \end{array}$ |  with working <br> (radians used) $4 / 4$ <br> (grad used) $4 / 4$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { without working } \\ \hline 3 / 4 \\ 3 / 4 \end{gathered}$ |
| 3 Where an incorrect trig ratio is used, working should be followed through with the possibility of awarding $3 / 4$ |  |  |
| 4 Do not award the 3 rd mark for $14 \tan 53^{\circ}=18 \cdot 57=\sqrt{18 \cdot 57}=4 \cdot 3$ |  |  |




| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Question } \\ \text { No } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | rking Scheme mark for each • | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each • |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | Ans: 8.5 cm <br> - ${ }^{1}$ strategy: <br> - ${ }^{2}$ strategy: <br> - 3 process: | know to use right-angled triangle <br> correct form of Pythagoras theorem <br> calculate square root of sum or difference of two squares | - ${ }^{1} \quad$ use 4 and $7 \cdot 5$ in right angled triangle diagram or formula <br> - ${ }^{2} \quad 4^{2}+7 \cdot 5^{2}$ <br> - ${ }^{3} \quad 8.5$ |
| NOTES: |  |  |  |
| Correct answer without working |  |  | award $2 / 3$ |
| 2 If candidate uses trigonometry then requirement for award of 2nd mark is $\tan x^{\circ}=\frac{4}{7 \cdot 5} \rightarrow P Q=\frac{7 \cdot 5}{\sin x^{\circ}}$ or equivalent |  |  |  |


| Question No | Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each • | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | Ans: $\mathbf{£ 5 2}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ strategy/process: find number of tablets <br> - ${ }^{2}$ strategy/process: find number of boxes <br> - ${ }^{3}$ strategy/process: find cost | - ${ }^{1} \quad 4 \times 365=1460$ <br> - ${ }^{2} \quad 1460 \div 200=7 \cdot 3$ <br> - ${ }^{3} 8 \times 6 \cdot 50=52$ |  |  |
| NOTES: |  |  |  |  |
| Do not accept 52 without working |  | award $0 / 3$ |  |  |
|  | ers acceptable for partial credit <br> $\left.\begin{array}{ll}47.45 \\ 7.3,8\end{array} \quad(7.3 \times 6.50) \quad\right\} \quad$ no workin <br> $(4 \times 365) \div 200=7 \cdot 3 \rightarrow 7 \times 6 \cdot 50=45 \cdot 5(0)$ <br> working must be shown <br> $45 \cdot 5(0)$ or $7 \times 6 \cdot 50=45 \cdot 5(0)$ | necessary | award $2 / 3$ award $1 / 3$ |  |
|  | First 2 marks may be awarded for <br> - $1200 \div 4=50$ (days per box) <br> - ${ }^{2} \quad 365 \div 50=7 \cdot 3$ |  |  |  |
| Award of first mark (no working necessary) <br> (a) Accept $1456[(4 \times 7) \times 52]$ <br> (b) Do not accept $1344[(4 \times 7) \times 4 \times 12]$ |  |  |  |  |



## TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 2

