Solving Equations and Inequations - Lesson 2

Equations with Brackets and Fractions

LI

• Solve equations with brackets and fractions.

<u>SC</u>

- Expand brackets.
- Eliminate fractions.
- Simplify.

- Eliminate fractions.
- Break brackets.
- Collect like terms.
- Solve.

$$\frac{x}{7} = 6$$

$$x7 \frac{x}{7} = 6 \times 7$$

$$x = 42$$

$$\frac{3x + 2}{6} = 8$$

$$x6 \frac{3x + 2}{6} = 8 \times 6$$

$$3x + 2 = 48$$

$$3x = 46$$

$$x = \frac{46}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}(2 \times -1) = 9$$

$$\frac{3^{\times} 4}{4}(2 \times -1) = 9^{\times} 4$$

$$3(2 \times -1) = 36$$

$$6 \times -3 = 36$$

$$6 \times = 39$$

$$x = \frac{39}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{13}{2}$$

$$\frac{5 \times + 2}{4} - \frac{2 \times - 3}{7} = -1$$

$$\frac{5 \times + 2}{4} \times 28 - \frac{2 \times - 3}{7} \times 28 = -1 \times 28$$

$$7 (5 \times + 2) - 4 (2 \times - 3) = -28$$

$$35 \times + 14 - 8 \times + 12 = -28$$

$$27 \times + 26 = -28$$

$$27 \times = -54$$

$$\times = -\frac{54}{27}$$

$$\times = -2$$

Questions

Solve the following.

a
$$\frac{x}{6} = 5$$

b
$$\frac{x}{9} = -4$$

$$\frac{x+7}{3} = 5$$

$$\frac{x-4}{5} = 2$$

$$e^{-\frac{1}{5}x} = 8$$

$$\int \frac{1}{9}x = 6$$

$$\frac{3}{4}x = 18$$

h
$$\frac{3x+9}{5}=6$$

$$\frac{2}{3}(9-4x)=14$$

2 Solve the following, giving your answer as a fraction or mixed number where necessary.

$$\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{4} = 5$$

b
$$\frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{3} = 4$$

b
$$\frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{3} = 4$$
 c $\frac{5x}{3} + \frac{x}{6} = 1$

$$\frac{2x}{5} - \frac{x}{2} = 3$$

e
$$\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{5}x = 20$$
 f $\frac{x}{8} = 2 + \frac{3x}{4}$

$$f \frac{x}{8} = 2 + \frac{3x}{4}$$

3 Solve the following, giving your answer as a fraction or mixed number where necessary.

$$\frac{x-3}{2} + \frac{4x}{3} = 15$$

$$b \quad \frac{x+1}{5} - \frac{x-1}{6} = 2$$

b
$$\frac{x+1}{5} - \frac{x-1}{6} = 2$$
 c $\frac{2x-1}{3} + \frac{3x+1}{4} = 1$

$$\frac{4x+1}{3} + \frac{x+2}{5} = -2$$

$$e^{-2x-\frac{(3x-1)}{4}}=4$$

d
$$\frac{4x+1}{3} + \frac{x+2}{5} = -2$$
 e $2x - \frac{(3x-1)}{4} = 4$ f $\frac{3(x+1)}{4} - \frac{4(x-2)}{3} = -1$

g
$$\frac{1}{5}(2x-3)-\frac{2}{3}(4-x)=-4$$
 h $\frac{x+3}{2}-\frac{5}{6}(1-2x)=1$

h
$$\frac{x+3}{2} - \frac{5}{6}(1-2x) = 1$$

- 4 There are x biscuits in a family-sized tin. At a party, 45 of them are eaten, and three eighths of the biscuits remain. Set up an equation and solve it to find how many biscuits were in the tin to start with.
- 5 I think of a number. I multiply this number by 3, add 5 and divide the result by 8. My answer is four ninths of the original number. Form an equation and solve it to find the original number.

Answers

1 a
$$x = 30$$

b
$$x = -36$$

$$\mathbf{c} \quad x = 8$$

d
$$x = 14$$

e
$$x = 40$$

i
$$x = -3$$

2 a
$$x = 6\frac{2}{3}$$

b
$$x = 24$$

$$c x = \frac{6}{11}$$

d
$$x = -30$$

e
$$x = 44\frac{4}{9}$$

b
$$x = -36$$
 b $x = 24$ b $x = 49$ c $x = 8$ c $x = \frac{6}{11}$ d $x = 14$ e $x = 40$ e $x = 44$ d $x = -30$ f $x = 54$ f $x = -3$ f $x = 7$ g $x = 24$ h $x = 7$ i $x = -3$

3 a
$$x = 9$$

b
$$x = 49$$

$$c x = \frac{13}{17}$$

d
$$x = -1\frac{18}{23}$$

$$\mathbf{e} \quad x = 3$$

$$f = x = 7\frac{4}{7}$$

$$g x = -\frac{11}{16}$$

$$h \quad x = \frac{2}{13}$$

4 x = 72 biscuits.

5 Original number is 9.