

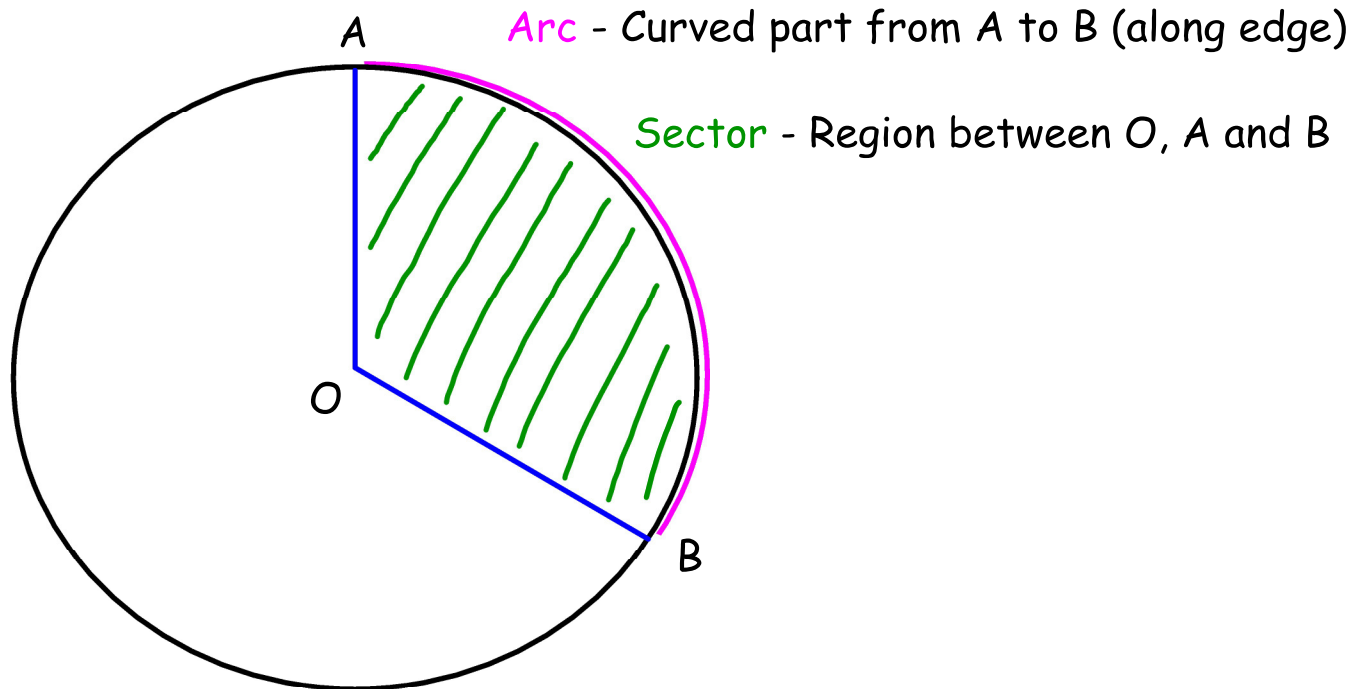
*Arc Length and Sector Area - Lesson 2***Arc Length - Non-Calculator**LI

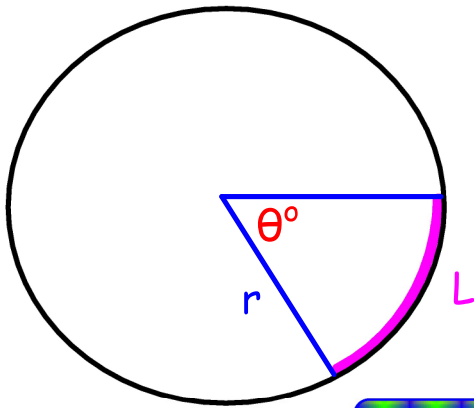
- Calculate the Arc Length of a circle without a calculator.

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- Use the Arc Length Formula.
- Non-calculator arithmetic.

Parts of a Circle





r = Radius

θ° = Sector Angle

L = Arc Length

The Arc Length (aka Length of Arc)
is calculated using the formula :

$$L = \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2 \pi r$$

Example 1

Calculate the exact arc length (meaning leave the answer in terms of π) of a circle with radius 2 cm and sector angle 180° .

$$\theta^\circ = 180^\circ, r = 2 \text{ cm}$$

$$L = \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2\pi r$$

$$\Rightarrow L = \frac{180^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2 \times \pi \times 2$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 2 \times \pi \times 2 \div 2$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 2\pi \text{ cm}$$

Example 2

Calculate the exact arc length (meaning leave the answer in terms of π) of a circle with radius 15 mm and sector angle 120° .

$$\theta^\circ = 120^\circ, r = 15 \text{ mm}$$

$$L = \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2 \pi r$$

$$\Rightarrow L = \frac{120^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2 \times \pi \times 15$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 2 \times \pi \times 15 \div 3$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 10 \pi \text{ mm}$$

Example 3

Taking $\pi = 3.14$, calculate the arc length of a circle with radius 2 m and sector angle 90° .

$$\theta^\circ = 90^\circ, r = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$L = \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2 \pi r$$

$$\Rightarrow L = \frac{90^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2 \times 3.14 \times 2$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 2 \times 3.14 \times 2 \div 4$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 2 \times 2 \div 4 \times 3.14$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 3.14 \text{ m}$$

Example 4

Taking $\pi = 3.14$, calculate the arc length of a circle with radius 3 cm and sector angle 180° .

$$\theta^\circ = 180^\circ, r = 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$L = \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2\pi r$$

$$\Rightarrow L = \frac{180^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2 \times 3.14 \times 3$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 2 \times 3.14 \times 3 \div 2$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 2 \times 3 \div 2 \times 3.14$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 3 \times 3.14$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 9.42 \text{ cm}$$

Calculate the lengths of these arcs :

Exact length (answer in terms of π)

Take $\pi = 3.14$

1) $\theta^\circ = 180^\circ$, $r = 4$ cm

2) $\theta^\circ = 45^\circ$, $r = 400$ mm

3) $\theta^\circ = 9^\circ$, $r = 160$ m

4) $\theta^\circ = 40^\circ$, $r = 22.5$ ft

5) $\theta^\circ = 72^\circ$, $r = 900$ yd

6) $\theta^\circ = 240^\circ$, $r = 330$ in

7) $\theta^\circ = 120^\circ$, $r = 9$ mm

8) $\theta^\circ = 40^\circ$, $r = 45$ in

9) $\theta^\circ = 45^\circ$, $r = 16$ cm

10) $\theta^\circ = 60^\circ$, $r = 3/2$ yd

11) $\theta^\circ = 180^\circ$, $r = 100$ m

12) $\theta^\circ = 20^\circ$, $r = 72$ ft

AnswersExact length (answer in terms of π)Take $\pi = 3.14$

1) 4π cm

2) 100π mm

3) 8π m

4) 5π ft

5) 360π yd

6) 440π in

7) 18.84 mm

8) 31.4 in

9) 12.56 cm

10) 1.57 yd

11) 314 m

12) 25.12 ft