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NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS 2005 FRIDAY, 6 MAY 9.00 AM - 9.20 AM MATHEMATICS STANDARD GRADE

Foundation Level Paper 1 Non-calculator

| Fu | Il name of centre | Town |
|-------------|---|--|
| Fo | rename(s) | Surname |
| | ite of birth Pay Month Year Scottish candidate number | Number of seat |
| 1 | You may <u>NOT</u> use a calculator. | |
| | | |
| 2 | Answer as many questions as you can. | |
| | Answer as many questions as you can. Write your working and answers in the spaces prother end of this question-answer book for use if clearly the number of the question involved. | |
| 2 3 4 | Write your working and answers in the spaces pre the end of this question-answer book for use if | required. If you use this space, write |

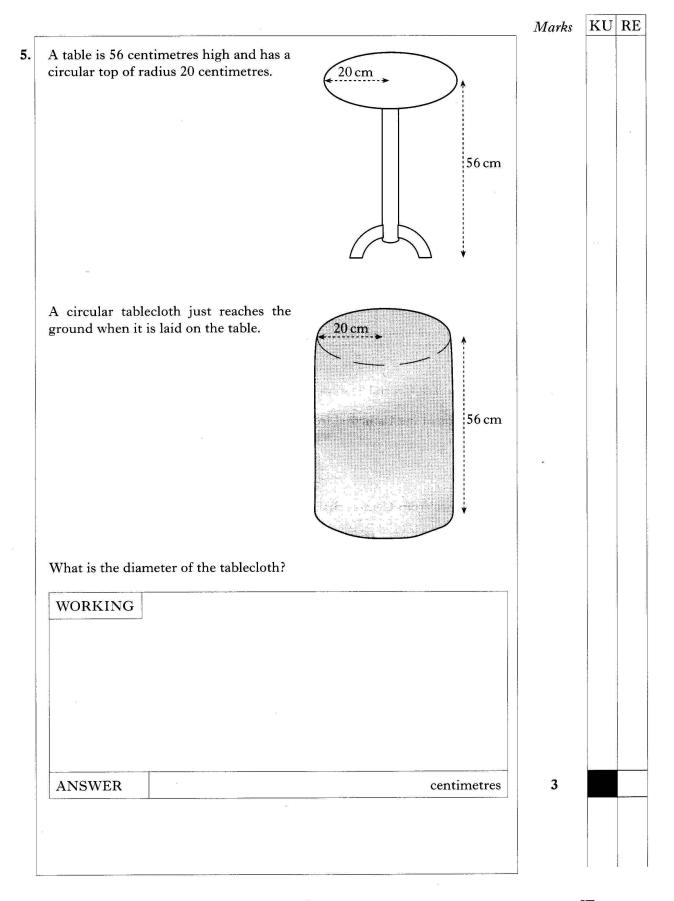




| Nork out the answers to the following. | | | |
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| | | | |
| a) 3891 – 261 | | | |
| | | | |
| WORKING | | | |
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| ANSWER | | 1 | |
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| (b) 5.12×6 | | | |
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| WORKING | | | |
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| ANSWER | | 1 | |
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| (c) $\frac{1}{3}$ of 114 | | | |
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| WORKING | * | | |
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| 5a | | | |
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| e e | | | |
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| ANSWER | | 2 | |
| ANDWER | | _ | |

| | | Marks | KU |
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| Find 25% of £9 | 60. | | |
| WORKING | | | |
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| ANGUER | | 2 | |
| ANSWER | £ | 2 | |
| * | | | |
| Jim is running | marathon race. | | |
| (a) The race h | pegins at 1740. Write this as a 12-hour time. | | |
| ANSWER | pm | 1 | |
| (b) Jim finish | es the race at 2015. How long does he take to run the race? | ~ | |
| WORKING | | | |
| | | | |
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| | | | |
| ANSWER | hours minutes | 2 | |
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| When a book is borrowed from the school library the return date is stamped on it. The return date is two weeks after the date on which the book is borrowed. a) Mary borrowed a book from the school library on 18 November. What return date was stamped on the book? WORKING Answer Return date 2 A fine must be paid if a book is not returned on time. The fine is 5 pence per day for every day after the return date. b) John borrowed a book from the school library on 7 January and returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING ANSWER pence 3 ANSWER pence 3 | When a book | | Marks | KU | |
|--|-----------------|---|-------|----|--|
| WORKING ANSWER Return date A fine must be paid if a book is not returned on time. The fine is 5 pence per day for every day after the return date. b) John borrowed a book from the school library on 7 January and returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | stamped on it. | The return date is two weeks after the date on which the | | | |
| ANSWER Return date 2 A fine must be paid if a book is not returned on time. The fine is 5 pence per day for every day after the return date. (b) John borrowed a book from the school library on 7 January and returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | (a) Mary bor | rowed a book from the school library on 18 November. | | 5 | |
| Answer Return date A fine must be paid if a book is not returned on time. The fine is 5 pence per day for every day after the return date. (b) John borrowed a book from the school library on 7 January and returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | What retu | ırn date was stamped on the book? | | | |
| A fine must be paid if a book is not returned on time. The fine is 5 pence per day for every day after the return date. (b) John borrowed a book from the school library on 7 January and returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | WORKING | | | | |
| A fine must be paid if a book is not returned on time. The fine is 5 pence per day for every day after the return date. (b) John borrowed a book from the school library on 7 January and returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | | | | | |
| The fine is 5 pence per day for every day after the return date. (b) John borrowed a book from the school library on 7 January and returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | ANSWER | Return date | 2 | | |
| The fine is 5 pence per day for every day after the return date. (b) John borrowed a book from the school library on 7 January and returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | | a a | | | ľ |
| The fine is 5 pence per day for every day after the return date. (b) John borrowed a book from the school library on 7 January and returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | | | | | |
| (b) John borrowed a book from the school library on 7 January and returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | A fine must be | paid if a book is not returned on time. | | | ĺ |
| returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | The fine is 5 p | ence per day for every day after the return date. | | | |
| returned it on 30 January. How much was his fine? WORKING | (h) John bor | rowed a book from the school library on 7 January and | | | |
| WORKING | | | | | 1 |
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| | | in was his line; | | d | - |
| ANSWER pence 3 | | ch was his line? | | | |
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| ANSWER pence 3 | WORKING | en was nis nine? | | | |
| ANSWER pence 3 | WORKING | en was nis nine: | | | The state of the s |
| ANSWER pence 3 | WORKING | n was nis nine? | | | The state of the s |
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| | | | 3 | | The second secon |



| This map shows the positions of some tourist attractions in a city centre. Olympic Pool North Theatre Theatre Cathedral The Olympic Pool is north of Central Station. (a) What is the direction of the Cathedral from Central Station? ANSWER 1 (b) Measure the distance from Central Station to the Cathedral on the map. ANSWER centimetres 1 (c) The scale of the map is 1 centimetre represents 100 metres. Calculate the actual distance from Central Station to the Cathedral. WORKING | | | Marks | KU | RE |
|--|-----------------|--|-------|-----|-----|
| Science Museum Toy Museum Tow Museum Cathedral Cathedral Cathedral Cathedral Cathedral Cathedral Answer (b) Measure the distance from Central Station to the Cathedral on the map. ANSWER Centimetres 1 (c) The scale of the map is 1 centimetre represents 100 metres. Calculate the actual distance from Central Station to the Cathedral. WORKING | This map show | s the positions of some tourist attractions in a city centre. | | | |
| (a) What is the direction of the Cathedral from Central Station? ANSWER (b) Measure the distance from Central Station to the Cathedral on the map. ANSWER centimetres 1 (c) The scale of the map is 1 centimetre represents 100 metres. Calculate the actual distance from Central Station to the Cathedral. WORKING | M T | Cience • Central Station | | | |
| ANSWER (b) Measure the distance from Central Station to the Cathedral on the map. ANSWER centimetres 1 (c) The scale of the map is 1 centimetre represents 100 metres. Calculate the actual distance from Central Station to the Cathedral. WORKING | | | | | |
| (b) Measure the distance from Central Station to the Cathedral on the map. ANSWER centimetres (c) The scale of the map is 1 centimetre represents 100 metres. Calculate the actual distance from Central Station to the Cathedral. WORKING | (a) What is the | ne direction of the Cathedral from Central Station? | | | |
| ANSWER centimetres (c) The scale of the map is 1 centimetre represents 100 metres. Calculate the actual distance from Central Station to the Cathedral. WORKING | ANSWER | | . 1 | | |
| (c) The scale of the map is 1 centimetre represents 100 metres. Calculate the actual distance from Central Station to the Cathedral. WORKING | | the distance from Central Station to the Cathedral on the | | | |
| Calculate the actual distance from Central Station to the Cathedral. WORKING | ANSWER | centimetres | 1 | d a | |
| WORKING | Calculate | the actual distance from Central Station to the Cathedral. | | | |
| ANSWER metres 2 | WORKING | | | | |
| ANSWER metres 2 | | | | | 180 |
| | ANSWER | metres | 2 | | |

KU RE Marks 7. This signpost shows the distances from a road junction to an airport and two towns, Bolden and Cranley. Airport 18 km Cranley 24 km Bolden 53 km Cranley Airport Bolden Which town is nearer to the airport? Give a reason for your answer. WORKING ANSWER is nearer to the airport REASON 3 [END OF QUESTION PAPER]

| FOR OFFICIAL USE | | | |
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| Total | Marks |

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NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS 2005 FRIDAY, 6 MAY 9.40 AM - 10.20 AM

MATHEMATICS STANDARD GRADE

Foundation Level Paper 2

| Fill in these boxes and read what is printed below. | |
|---|---|
| Full name of centre | Town |
| | |
| Forename(s) | Surname |
| | |
| Date of birth Day Month Year Scottish candidate number | Number of seat |
| 1 You may use a calculator. | |
| 2 Answer as many questions as you can. | |
| Write your working and answers in the spaces pro the end of this question-answer book for use if a clearly the number of the question involved. | |
| 4 Full credit will be given only where the solution con | tains appropriate working. |
| 5 Before leaving the examination room you must giv not, you may lose all the marks for this paper. | e this book to the invigilator. If you do |





| | | Marks | KU | KE |
|--|-------------|-------|----|----|
| A bridge is raised 58° to allow a ship to pass through | | | | |
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| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 58° | | | | |
| mondon | | | | |
| - | | | | |
| Calculate the size of the shaded angle. | | | | |
| WORKING | | | | |
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| ANSWER | 0 | _ | | |
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| | | Marks | KU | |
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| | hows how the temperature on a mountain top changed | d | | |
| during a day. | | | | |
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| attn 6 | | | | |
| Temperature (°C) | | | | |
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| 0 midnight 2am 4am | 6am 8am 10am noon 2pm 4pm 6pm 8pm 10pm midr | nicht | | |
| midnight 2am 4am | oam sam foam noon 2pm 4pm opm opm fopm findr | mgnt | | |
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| 4 | | | | |
| 1 1 | | | | |
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| + + - + | Time | | | |
| + + | | | | |
| (a) What was the | Time e temperature at 2 am? | | | |
| | e temperature at 2 am? | | | |
| (a) What was the | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 1 | | |
| ANSWER | e temperature at 2 am? | PC 1 | | |
| ANSWER | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | |
| ANSWER | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 1 | | |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | and the section of th |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | The second secon |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | The state of the s |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | an interpretation of the control of |
| ANSWER (b) What happen | e temperature at 2 am? | 1 | | |

Marks KU RE The pattern below is made with tiles like 3. the one shown here. Draw three more tiles to continue the pattern. 3 YOU MAY USE THE EXTRA DIAGRAMS ON THE OPPOSITE PAGE FOR WORKING IF YOU WISH.

| (continued) | | KU |
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| | tarm. The table be farm one week. | elow shows h | ow many eggs were laid | d | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|----------|---|
| | | | | | |
| | Day | Eggs | | | |
| | Monday | 24 | | | |
| | Tuesday | 26 | | | |
| | Wednesday | 20 | | | |
| | Thursday | 21 | | | |
| | Friday | 24 | | | |
| | Saturday | 22 | | | |
| | Sunday | 24 | | | |
| | TOTAL | 161 | | | |
| b) Calculate th | | | | | |
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| WORKING | • | | <u>. </u> | | |
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| WORKING | | | | | |
| | | | eggs | 2 | |
| WORKING | | | | 2 | |
| WORKING | | | | 2 | |
| WORKING | | | | 2 | |

| 5. | Benny has a lock for his bicycle. | The lock has a three-figure code. |
|----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|

3 5 4

The table below shows two possible three-figure codes.

The code uses the figures 2, 3, 4 or 5. The three figures used always add up to 12.

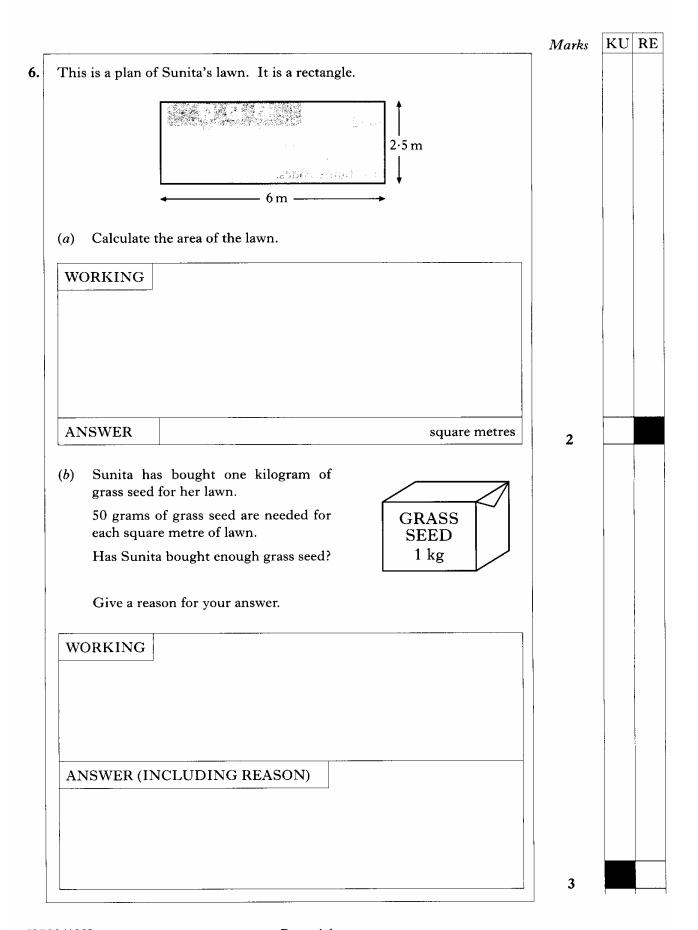
| first figure | second figure | third figure |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 3 | 5 | 4 |
| 5 | 2 | 5 |
| | | |
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| | | |

Complete the table to show five other possible three-figure codes.

3

KU RE

Marks



| | | Marks | KU | RE |
|-----------------|---|-------|------|----|
| Gerry has a par | t-time job. | | | |
| He was paid £2 | 23.60 for working 5 hours. | | | |
| | ald he be paid for working 8 hours at the same rate of pay? | | | |
| <u> </u> | | | | |
| WORKING | | | | |
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| From ground level in a block of flats, a lift travels 4 metres upwards to | Marks | KU |
|---|----------|----|
| reach the first floor. It then travels 3 metres upwards for each floor above | | |
| that. | | |
| 1 | <u> </u> | ļ |
| Floor 3 | | j |
| 3 m Floor 2 | | |
| <u> </u> | | |
| 3 m Floor 1 | | |
| 4 m | | |
| VIIIIIIII | | |
| (a) Complete this table. | | |
| Floor number 1 2 3 4 5 6 11 | | |
| Height of lift above | | |
| ground level (metres) 4 7 | | |
| | · | |
| WORKING | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 4 | |
| (b) Write down a myle for finding the height of the lift above ground level | 4 | |
| (b) Write down a rule for finding the height of the lift above ground level if you know the floor number. | 4 | |
| if you know the floor number. | 4 | |
| | 4 | |
| if you know the floor number. | 4 | |
| if you know the floor number. | 4 | |
| if you know the floor number. | 4 | |
| if you know the floor number. | 2 | |
| if you know the floor number. | | |
| if you know the floor number. | | |

| | | | Marks | NU | RE |
|---|---|----------------------|-------|-----|----|
| Safety rules state that teacher can supervise n | pupils on school trips must be o more than 12 pupils. | e supervised. One | | | |
| (a) How many teache | rs would be needed on a trip with | h 30 pupils? | | | |
| WORKING | | | | 4 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| ANSWER | | teachers | 2 | | |
| (b) The Mathematics | department hires a coach with 50 | 0 seats for a trip. | 2 | | |
| To keep costs dow | n, as many pupils as possible sho | ould go on the trip. | | ļ ļ | |
| | rs and how many pupils can go o | n the trip? | | | |
| WORKING | | | | | |
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| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| ANSWER | teachers | pupils | 3 | | |
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| 10. | A shop sells helium filled balloons. | | | | |
|-----|--|---------------|----------------|---|---|
| | It sells small balloons for £3.20 each and large ones for £4.90 each. | | | | |
| | Joe buys 2 small balloons and some large balloons for a total cost of £26. | £3.20 | £4.90 | | |
| | How many large balloons does Joe buy? | | | | |
| | WORKING | | | | |
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| | ANSWER | | large balloons | 4 | } |
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KU RE

Marks

| The diagram | below shows the net of a cuboid with no lid. | | |
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| | | | |
| (a) Write do | own the length, breadth and height of the cuboid made fro | om | |
| this net. | | | |
| 1 N T C *** | | | |
| ANSWER | Length = centimetre | | |
| | Continuen | | |
| | Breadth = centimetra | | |
| | Breadth = centimetre | es | |
| | Height = centimetre | | _ |
| | 11012111 | | |
| | Height = centimetre | 1 2 | |
| | | _ 3 | |
| b) Calculate | | _ 3 | |
| | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a) . | 3 | |
| b) Calculate | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a) . | 3 | |
| | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a) . | 3 | |
| | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a) . | 3 | |
| | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a) . | 3 | |
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| | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a) . | 3 | |
| | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a) . | 3 | |
| | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a) . | 3 | |
| WORKING | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a). | | |
| | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a) . | | |
| WORKING | e the volume of the cuboid in part (a). | | |

| Complete this | electricity bill. | | | | | | | KU |
|---------------|--------------------------|-----|-----------|---|---|---|---|--------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| | NORTHERN ELEC | CTR | <u>IC</u> | | | | | |
| | 950 units at 6p per unit | = | £ | • | | | | |
| | VAT at 5% | = | £ | • | _ | | | |
| | TOTAL | = | £ | • | | | | |
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| WORKING | | | | | | | | |
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| | | Marks | KU |
|-----------------|--|-------|----|
| A bank uses the | is rule to work out the price (in pounds) that its customers by for a house. | | |
| PRICE = (3.5) | × ANNUAL SALARY) + DEPOSIT | | |
| | s an annual salary of £23 000 and a deposit of £5000. the price that she can afford to pay for a house. | | |
| WORKING | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| ANSWER | £ | 2 | |
| Her annua | nts to buy a house priced at £82 500. al salary is £21 400. th of a deposit will she need? | | |
| WORKING | | | |
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| ANSWER | £ | 3 | |
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| | | | | Marks | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|-------|--|
| This table show wo different sp | | s car can travel on 1 gallo | on of petrol at | | |
| 1 | | | | | |
| | Speed | Distance travelled on 1 gallon of petrol | | | |
| | 55 miles per hour | 50 miles | | | |
| | 70 miles per hour | 40 miles | | | |
| | ance will Lucy's car | travel at a speed of 70 m | niles per hour | | |
| WORKING | <u></u> | | | | |
| WORKING | | | | | |
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| ANSWER | | | miles | 2 | |
| | h further would Luc | y's car travel on 10 gallo | | 2 | |
| (b) How muc | h further would Luc at a speed of 55 m | y's car travel on 10 gallo iles per hour instead of | ns of petrol if | 2 | |
| (b) How muc she drove | h further would Luc at a speed of 55 m | y's car travel on 10 gallo iles per hour instead of | ns of petrol if | 2 | |
| (b) How muc she drove hour? | h further would Luc at a speed of 55 m | y's car travel on 10 gallo iles per hour instead of | ns of petrol if | 2 | |
| (b) How muc she drove hour? | h further would Luc at a speed of 55 m | y's car travel on 10 gallo iles per hour instead of | ns of petrol if | 2 | |
| (b) How muc she drove hour? | h further would Luc at a speed of 55 m | y's car travel on 10 gallo iles per hour instead of | ns of petrol if | 2 | |
| (b) How muc she drove hour? | h further would Luc at a speed of 55 m | y's car travel on 10 gallo iles per hour instead of | ns of petrol if | 2 | |
| (b) How muc she drove hour? | h further would Luc at a speed of 55 m | y's car travel on 10 gallo iles per hour instead of | ns of petrol if | 2 | |
| (b) How muc she drove hour? | h further would Luc at a speed of 55 m | y's car travel on 10 gallo iles per hour instead of | ns of petrol if | | |
| (b) How muc she drove hour? | h further would Luc at a speed of 55 m | y's car travel on 10 gallo iles per hour instead of | ns of petrol if 70 miles per | 3 | |
| (b) How muc she drove hour? | at a speed of 55 m | iles per hour instead of | ns of petrol if 70 miles per | | |
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